## CENTRE FOR EDUCATIONAL DEVELOPMENT OF MINORITIES

Nizam College Campus, Hyderabad - 500 001.

## Time:150 Min. TGTET JUNE 2025 - Paper-II - SOCIAL STUDIES Mark: 150

### Part I. CHILD DEVELOPMENT AND PEDAGOGY (Marks: 30)

1.	The following concept is the product of maturation and learning:			
	(1) Growth (2) Development	(3) Personality (4) Knowledge.		
2.	Motor development is closely related with	th:		
	(1) Physical development.	(2) Mental development		
	(3) Quantity development	(4) Quality development.		
3.	The infants become fearful of percieved	threats begin to prefer familier people and		
	show anxiety and distress when separate	d from them or approach by strangers during		
	the period of			
	(1) 6-10 months (2) 12-16 months	(3) 8-12 months (4) 4-8 months		
4.	The prenautal period is:			
	(1) 276 days (3) 280 days	(3) 290 days (4) 260 days		
5.	Which of the following is not the princip	ole of development ?		
	(1) Principle of integration	(2) Principle of interrelation		
	(3) Principle of uniformity	(4) Principle of ethics		
6.	Which of the following factor is useful for a teacher to assign indoor and outdoor to			
	his students ?			
	(1) Biological factor	(2) Social factor.		
	(3) Physical factor	(4) Psychological factor		
7.	The age in which the infants are able to	differentiate the love and anger is		
	(1) 4 months (2) 6 months.	(3) 8 months. (4) 10 months.		
8.	In which to of the following stage of pia	agets cognitive development, the child fails t		
	understand the conservation of matter.?			
	(1) Sensory Motor stage.	(2) Concrete operatimal stage		
	(2) Pre-operational stage	(4) Formal operational stage.		
9.	In early stage of adolescence, the rate of	growth of lymbs is very high. It is due to		
	process.			
	(1) Proximal	(2) Reverse cephalocaudal		
	(3) Cephalocaudal	(4) Cephalo		
10.	The father of client centered therapy is:			
	(1) B.F. Skinner (2) Noam Chomsky.	(3) Sigmend Freud (4) Carl Roger		
11.	The component which attitudes cannot it	nclude:		
	(1) Cognitive (2) Affective	(3) Emotional (4) Behavioral		
12	An innate in born ability or capacity to le	earn to do a certain kind of work, is		
	(1) Interest (2) An aptitude	(3) An attitude (4) Innate potentia		
13.	Which of the following interests contribu	ite to reduce the mental tensions?		
	(1) Social (2) Recreational	(3) Personal (4) Intellectual		

14	On conducting the psychological test of a child of 13 years old, the psychologist found					
	the mental age 15 years. What is the nearest	approximate intell	igence quetient of child?			
	(1) 90 (2) 110	(3) 130	(4) 145			
15.	Find out the wrong statement on personality	<b>7.</b>				
	(1) All aspects of human development influe	ences personality.				
	(2) Personality is dynamic					
	(3) Personality is a complex concept.					
	(4) We can measure but cannot asses it com	pletely.				
16.	Which of the following one is not an examp	ole of non-associata	ntive learning?			
	(1) Habituation (2) Sensitization	(3) Associative le	arning (4) All of these			
17.	After playing a music based video game, son	me people may be	motivated to learn how			
	to play a real instrument is example for:					
	(1) Dialogic Learning	(2) Tangential lea	rning			
	(3) Non-formal learning	(4) Informal learn	ning			
18.	We can bring a child to school, but cannot n	nake him to learn,	where there is			
	(1) No text books (2) No Teacher	(3) No motivation	n (4) No readiness			
19.	Radical behaviorism was developed by:					
	(1) Ivan Pavlov (2) B.B. Skinner	(1) E.L. Thorndik	e (1) Watson			
20.	In which of the following learning type, the learner is more active?					
	(1) Pavlov	(2) Skinner				
	(3) Social learning	(4) Rote memoriz	ration			
21.	Find out the mismatched pair.					
	(1) Positive reinforcement : reinforcement	(2) Negative reint	forcement : escape.			
	(3) Positive punishment : Positive response.	(4) Negative puni	shment : penalty.			
22.	Response given for conditioned stimulus is					
	(1) Conditioned Response	(2) Unconditioned	d Response.			
	(3) Reinforcement	(4) Unconditione	d stimulus.			
23.	Which of the following treats learner as an i	information constru	ictor?			
	(1) Gestalt school (2) Behaviorism	(3) Constructivisi	n (4) Humanism			
24.	Gestalt means.					
	(1) Total fact					
	(2) Total figure					
	(3) Meaningful patterns of the individual co	ncept.				
	(4) Meaningful or Unified whole.					
25.	John Deway named school in this way					
	(1) Extensive Society	(2) Miniatured S	ociety.			
	(3) Institutionalized Society	(4) Cultural Soci	ety.			
26.	Minimum Educational programme in specia	l education is:				
	(1) Curriculum for all students.					
	(2) Some special, specific educational progr	rammes				
	(3) Both (1) & (2)					
	(4) None of the above.					

27. Moderate disabled means: (1) Mentally handicaped who cannot be trained. (2) Mentally handicapped who can be trained (3) Mentally handicapped who does not need training. (4) Trained physically handicapped. 28. The teaching method based on the theory "Learning Through Living" is (1) Heuristic method (2) Synthetic method (3) Project method (4) Laboratory method 29. Who said that "Learning improves through collective activities"? (2) Thorndike (3) Skinner (1) Pavlov (4) Vygotsky. 30. Who is the classroom leader in the following? (1) Intelligent student (2) Strong student (3) Teacher (4) Head master Part II. LANGUAGE - Urdu (Marks: 30) (31-35) ذيل مين دي گي نظم يره هرسوالات كے جواب كاا متخاب يجيئه اس آج کل میں عبث دن گنوائے ہیں کیا کیا اسی فریب نے مارا کہ کل ہے کتنی دور اسی زمین میں دریا سائے ہیں کیا کیا یہاڑ کا ٹنے والے زمیں سے بار گئے بلند ہوتو کھلے تجھ یہ زور پستی کا بڑے بڑوں کے قدم ڈ گمگائے ہیں کیا کیا خوداینی ذات یہ شک دل میں آئے ہیں کیا کیا خدا ہی حانے رگانہ میں کون ہوں کیا ہوں لفظ'' عبث' کے معنی ہیں .31 (4) جارهگر (2) کارگر (3) کے گار (1) کار شاعرکس سے مخاطب ہے .32 (3) خود سے (2) مشاعرہ سے (4) روست سے تیسر پے شعر میں کوسی صنعت ہے تیسرے شعر میں کولی صنعت ہے (1) صنعت ایہام (2) صنعت تجنیس (3) صنعت تلیح (4) صنعت تضاد .33 پستی کا زور کب معلوم ہوتا ہے .34 (1) بخبر ہونے پر (2) صبر ہونے پر (3) باند ہونے پر (4) فخر ہونے پر یہاڑ کا ٹنے والے زمیں سے کیوں بار حاتے ہیں .35

(1) بیماری کی وجہ سے (2) غفلت کی وجہ سے (3) کمڑ وری کی وجہ سے (4) فریب کی وجہ سے

# (36-40) ذیل میں دی گئی عبارت پڑھ کرسوالات کے حیج جواب کاا بتخاب سیجئے۔

نیک آ دمی اپنے دشمنوں کے ساتھ وہ سلوک کرتے ہیں جو چندن کلہاڑی کے ساتھ کرتا ہے۔ کلہاڑی اسے کاٹتی ہے مگروہ اس کی دھارکو خوشبودار کردیتا ہے۔اس لیے چندن کو بیعزت حاصل ہے کہ دیوتا ؤں کے سروں پر جگہ پاتا ہے اور کلہاڑی کی بیدرگت ہوئی کہاس کا منھ آ مگیں تیا کر ہتھوڑوں سے بیٹاجاتا ہے۔

بھلے آدمی سادہ مزاج رکھتے ہیں اور جو کچھ خدانے دیا ہے اس پر راضی رہتے ہیں۔ دنیا کی خواہشوں سے آزاد ہوتے ہیں۔ ہر حال میں خوش رہتے ہیں اور فیاضی کی کان ہوتے ہیں۔سب کے ساتھ محبت اور شفقت سے پیش آتے ہیں کسی سے دشنی نہیں رکھتے۔حرص اور لالج کی ان کو

ہوانہیں گئی۔بغض اور حسد کاان پر سایہ ہیں پڑتا۔وہ غریوں پرمہر بانی کرتے ہیں ،اپنی تعظیم کی پرواہ نہیں کرتے مگراوروں کی تعظیم کرتے ہیں				
یتی اورا نسان کے ساتھ بھلائی کرنے کی				
			کو لگی ہوتی ہے۔ بلا شبا یسے ہی	
			نیک آ دمی کوئس سے تشبیہ دی گئی؟	.36
(4) چندن سے	(3) شیم سے		(1) ييپل سے	
			چندن کس کے سرچڑ ھتاہے	.37
(4) بہادروں کے	(3) د بیتا ؤں کے		(1) نیټاوُل کے	
	ដាំ		د نیا کی خواہشوں سے کون آزادر ، 	.38
(4) شرپیند	(3) نفس پیند	,	(1) قناعت پيند	
(* <i>9</i>		محبت وشفقت'' کس نوعیت کےالفا 		.39
(4) مخلوط	(3) مترادف	(2) متضاد		
	مريج فترية		چندن کوعزت کس کی وجہ سے ہے نب	.40
(4) نادرونایاب		(2) نرمی و گھنڈرک		
	1/2) كوقو سين مين لكھئے۔	ت کاانتخاب کر کےعلامت (3/4/		☆
		<i>پوضوع کیا ہے</i> ؟	سبق' 'سب سے بڑادر دمند'' کا'	.41
(4) بادشاهت	(3) معاشرت	(2) ساجی اقدار	(1) صلدر حمى	
		یں'' دوسر ہے کی ش	'' پيچاندرات اور پرُ خواب فضا '	.42
رح بےتاب فضائیں	(2) گئاایک موج طرب کی طر	ناب فضائين	(1) ایک اوج تبسم کی طرح ہے:	
مِلَتَى نَكَا مِين	(4) ایک موج طرب کی طرح حج		(3) ایک موج طرب کی طرح	
			حضرت عمر بن عبدالعمريز كي خلاف	.43
(4) جارسال ایک ماه	(3) دوسال ماینچ ماه		(1) تين سال چھ	
<del></del>	•		'' سامنے کی دیوارکودیکھوادھرکھڑا	
(4) ما لک نے		ر من		
230 (4)	<b>2</b> (3)			45
,	,	•	•	.45
(4) مربع بند	(3) ربع بند		(1) ترجیح بند	
		O		
		: 4	اد بی اصطلاح میں طنز ومزاح کیا۔	.46
(4) تکنیک	(3) اسلوب	•	ادی اصطلاح بین طنز و مزاح کیا۔ (۱) صنف الگیت کی تبیاد ہندی بحروں	

.48	صبح بهار،اختر ستان،لا لهطور،طيور	ُوارہ، نغمہ حرم، پھولوں کے گیت' ک	<i>ں شاعر کے مجموعے</i> ہائے کلام ہیں	?
	(1) اخترالایمان	(2) جانثاراختر	(3) اختر شیرانی	(4) سليم اختر
.49	جگرمرادآ بادی کی وفات کب اورکه	اں ہوئی؟		
	(1) 1960 _گونڈہ	(2) 1955 - كانپور	(3) 1965 -الدآباد	(4) 1955 _مرادآباد
.50	علامت اضافت پیر ہیں۔			
	(1) ہمزہ۔کسرہ	(2) اعراب بروف	(3) جزم مشدد	(4) مد-غنہ
.51	صورت کے لحاظ سے جملے کی کتنی فتم	يں ہيں؟		
	<b>99</b> (1)	(2) چار	(3) تين	(4) پاچ
.52	شعرکس پرتولااورجا نچاجا تاہے؟			
	<b>∱</b> (1)	(2) تقطیع	(3) بيان	ראל (4)
.53	فامس، تف،عی ان کس کے ارکا ا			
	(1) سبب	(2) وتر	(3) فاصله	(4) کلمه
.54	سب سے زیادہ قیمت کس حرف کی			
	J (1)		Ü (3)	<b>¿</b> (4)
	ادرا کی علاقہ کی بیاعلیٰ ترین سطے ہے			
	(1) تركيب:	(2) تعین قدر	(3) معلومات	(4) تفهيم
.56	11 ان خطوط کی اس	اطر یقه مد ریس میں پہلے مثق کروا	ئی جاتی ہے	
	(1) پپتالوزی طریقه	(2) ماشیسوری طریقه	(3) سجاد مرزا كاطريقه	(4) خوش نولیسی کا طریقه
.57	ریاستی درسی کتب کی تدوین کا ذمه د	ارا دارہ ہے		
	NCERT (1)	NFC 2005 (2)	SCERT (3)	NCTE (4)
.58	دستور ہند کےاس دفعہ کے تحت ریا	ستوں کو بیرخاص مدایت دی گئی کہا	سانی اقلیتوں ہے تعلق رکھنے والے ،	یچوں کی ابتدائی تعلیم ما دری زبان میں
	بہم پہنچائی جائے۔			
	(الف) 350 (الف)	(2) 351 (الف)	(3) 352 (الف)	(الف) 353 (الف)
.59	SAT کی خصوصیات یہ ہیں			
	ر1) طلباکی ذہنی سطحوں برمبنی ہے	(2) طلباکی معلومات برمبنی ہے	(3) طلباکی معلومات پر منحصر ہے	(4) طلباکی اکتسانی سطحوں پرمبنی ہے
.60	، پٹالوزی نے اس طریقہ کو پہلے پہل	•	•	• • •
	(1) جملي كاطريقه		(3) صوتی طریقه	(4) ارکانی ہااجزائی طریقہ

### Part III. LANGUAGE - II (ENGLISH) (Marks: 30)

### (61-65) Read the passage and answer the questions:

Open and Distance Learning in India was introduced by Delhi University in 1962 through the School of Correspondence Courses and Continuing Education to enable those, who had the inclination and aptitude to acquire further knowledge and improve their professional competence. Subsequently in 1968, Correspondence Courses were started by Punjabi University and University of Rajasthan. Meerut and Mysore University started these courses in 1969. In the eighties, the distance education system expanded further. Dr. B.R. Ambedkar Open University, Hyderabad was established in 1982 by the State of Andhra Pradesh. The setting up of Indira Gandhi National Open University by the Government of India in 1985 by an Act of the Parliament is considered to be a landmark development in the field of distance education in the Country.

The Distance Education Council (DEC) was established in 1991 under Section 16(7) read with Section 5(2) of the IGNOU Act, 1985. As per clause (2) (a) of the statute 28, the DEC was responsible for the promotion and coordination of the Open and Distance Learning system in the Country. In May, 2007 a Joint Committee was formed by signing a MoU between UGC, AICTE and DEC for the period of three years till May, 2010. The Joint Committee developed guidelines in the form of 'Recognition of Open and Distance Learning (ODL) Institutions' Handbook 2009. Thereafter, in pursuance of the directions issued by the Ministry of Education, the Department of Higher Education, Government of India issued order dated 29.12.2012, thereby the regulatory functions with regard to Distance Education programmes (excluding technical education) in higher education were vested with the University Grants Commission and for technical education, the AICTE act as a regulator through ODL mode. The Distance Education Council, which was the erstwhile regulator of Distance Education programmes, was dissolved and all regulatory functions were undertaken by the UGC under DEB (Distance Education Bureau) with effect from 2013. The Ministry of Education vide its order dated 25th February, 2014, has directed UGC to act as a regulator for higher education system in ODL mode, including for technical education in universities/affiliated colleges.

61.	. What is the landmark development in distance education			
	(1) Parliament Act (2)	) Open schooling	(3) distance learning	(4) setting up IGNOU
62.	This body acts as a reg	gulatory for ODL		
	(1) UGC (	(2) DED	(3) DEC	(4) ODL
63.	Open learning was intr	roduced for one w	ho wishes to	
	(1) get high salary		(2) improve persona	ality
	(3) improve knowledge (4) get political power		er	
64.	64. This was established under section 16(7)			
	(1) The Ministry of Ed	ducation	(2) The Distance Edu	ucation Council
	(3) DrB.R.Ambedkar Open University		(4) UGC	

65.	They now realized the importance of reading the newspaper.					
	The underlined	l word is a				
	(1) article	(2) verb	(3) preposition	(4) phrase		
66.	A special dinne	er was arranged for the M	iss World contestar	nts by the organizers.		
	This sentence of	can also be expressed as				
	(1) The organ	isers were arranged a spec	ial dinner for the M	Iss World contestants		
	(2) Miss World	l contestants arranged a sp	pecial dinner for the	e organisers.		
	(3) The contest	tants arranged a special di	nner for the organi	sers.		
	(4) The organis	sers arranged a special din	ner for the Miss w	orld contestants.		
67.	She was	about her nomination to	o the bookers prize	<b>;.</b>		
	Choose the cor	rrect option for the blank.				
	(1) surprise	(2) will surprise	(3) surprised	(4) will be surprise		
68.	We enjoyed the	e old melodies,	_?			
	Supply the corr	rect question tag				
	(1) don't we	(2) didn't we	(3) doesn't she	(4) shouldn't we		
69.	Identify the err	Identify the error part of the sentence.				
	One of the participant threw water bottles at the player in the stadium.					
	A	В	C	D		
	(1) D	(2) C	(3) B	(4) A		
70.	Our diet have all rainbow color vegetables.					
	Choose the cor	rrect option to complete the	he sentence.			
	(1) apply	(2) has	(3) will has	(4) must		
71.	Identify the wo	ord in plural.				
	(1) alumna	(2) alumnus	(3) alumni	(4) alumini		
72.	Identify the correct sentence.					
	(1) She wake up at 3am daily.					
	(2) we watch movies in Satva Mall.					
	(3) They avoids plastic in their school.					
	(4) I had insist	t you all torad newspaper	daily.			
73.	They	applied for the job before	the deadline appro-	ached.		
	Choose the cor	rrect option to complete the	he sentence.			
	(1) have	(2) has	(3) had	(4) are		
74.	Students in eng	gineering colleges attend of	classes 'once in a bl	uemoon'		
	Identify the me	eaning of the idiom".				
	(1) on holidays	(2) in the evenings	(3) regularly	(4) rarely		

75.	Diffidence			
	Identify the antonyn	n of the ".		
	(1) differenceb	(2) confidence	(3) collection	(4) zeal
76.	Choose the correctly	y spelt word.		
	(1) commissionar	(2) devilopment	(3) restaurant	(4) tranclation
77.	They have 'called of	$\frac{df}{dt}$ the strike after the	Hyderabad Incharge N	Minister gave assurance.
	Identify the meaning	g of the word ".		
	(1) extended	(2) met	(3) started	(4) stopped
78.	They have distribute	ed the Material.		
	Choose the option to	hat best expresses th	ne given .	
	(1) The material have	ve been distributed.	(2) The material was	s been distributed.
	(3) The material ha	d been distributed.	(4) The material ha	s distributed
79.	The appropriate clo	sing of the official le	tter is .	
	(1) passionately	(2) affectionately	(3) with love	(4) Thank you
80.	Arrange the following	ng in the correct orde	er.	
	p) she attended the interview q)she read the Employment News			
	r)she prepared the F	Re`sume` s)she appl	lied for the job	
	(1) p,q,r,s,	(2) q,r,s,p	(3) q,s,.r.p	(4) p.s.q.r
		ENGLISH ME	THODOLOGY	
81.	Philanthropist is one	e who loves people		
	(1) irrespective ofca	aste,religion	(2) with respect to or	ne caste
	(3) irrespective of the	neir interest	(4) with respect to o	one religion
82.	The other way of ex	apressing the line 'She	e asked 'where were ye	ou'is
	(1) she asked where	I am.	(2) she asked where I had.	
	(3) she asked where	I will be.	(4) She asked where	I had been
83.	Identify the silent le	tter in 'rapport '.		
	(2) p	(2) a	(3) t	(4) o
84.	In Audio-lingual Me	ethod the below conc	cepts have to be taught	first
	(1) reading and writ	ting	(2) mother tongue	
	(3) mother tongue is	s avoided	(4) speaking and List	rening[ ]
85.	ŭ	· ·	guage to another or tal search in ELT, it is term	king help of one language med as
	(1) Translation	(2) trans language	(3) Interpretation	(4) transmigration
86.	Below given is/are	the example of Refe	erence skills	
	(1) Dictionaries	(2) Thesaurus	(3) Vocabulary	(4) Spellings

87.	The sub-skills of tea	aching is/are			
	a) Making a queue	b) Questioning	c) Arguing	d) Blackboard work	
	(1) a,b	(2) b,d	(3) c,d	(4) b,d	
88.	This is a major grou	p of activities that c	an be conducted in a la	anguage class	
	(1) Acting in a mov	ies	(2) Imitating a teacher	er	
	(3) Role play		(4) Cleaning the cla	assroom	
89.	According to SCF 2	2011,Textbooks show	ald help in interaction b	petween	
	(1) Children and po	litics	(2) Management and	community	
	(3) Government and	l schools	(4) Children and cor	nmunity	
90.	Put the given items	in order as per is pr	rocess		
	a) Evaluation b)	Measurement c) T	est	d) Assessment	
	(1) a,b,c,d	(2) c,b,d,a	(3) c,d,b,a	(4) a,c,b,d	
	Part IV	. SOCIAL STUDII	ES CONTENT (Mark	s: 60)	
91.	One of the following	g is NOT the planet	ary winds		
	(1) Trade Winds	(2) Polar Winds	(3) Monsoon winds	(4) Westerlies.	
92.	The amout of invisi	able water vapours j	present in the atmosphe	ere is called	
	(1) Evaporation	(2) Condensation	(3) Humidity	(4) Precipitation	
93.	The Lat	itude on the North is	s the North pole.		
	$(1) 1.90^{\circ}$	$(2) 80^{\circ}$	$(3) 45^0$	$(1) 4.50^{\circ}$	
94.	The topography of the penisular plateau is				
	(1) Slightly tilting to	owards East	(1) Slightly tilting to	wards North East.	
	(3) Slightly tilting to	owards South west.	(4) Slightly tilting to	ward West.	
95.	When you are trave cross every longitude	_	you gain time of	minutes as you	
	(1) 2 Minutes	(2) 3 Minutes	(3) 5 minutes	(4) 4 Minutes	
96.	As the Earth's interi	or Continued to	it Contracts and	the outer crust-wrinkles	
	(1) Hot	(2) Cools	(3) Moderate	(4) Burn.	
97.	The Temperate ever	green forests are loc	eated in the	coastal regions.	
	(1) Mid longitudina	d (2) Inner latitudina	al (3) Upper longitudin	al (4) Mid latitudinal	
98.	The Himalayan Mou	untains were formed	by this process of	<u></u>	
	(1) The Eurasian pla	ate pushing into the	Indian Ocean.		
	(2) The Indian plate	pushing into the Eu	rasian plate.		
	(3) Rising up of lav	a from the Mantle			
	(4) Sea floor Spreading.				

99.	The state which doe	es NOT have a comn	non border with the An	dhra Pradesh is	
	(1) Telangana	(2) Tamilnadu	(3) Maharashtra	(4) Odhise	
100.	Asper the last taken	data how many tech	nnology parks are there	e in India?	
	(1) 12	(2) 14	(3) 16	(4) 18	
101.	The solar radiation	received on the surfa	ace of the earth is called	d	
	(1) Albedo	(2) Insulation	(3) Radiation	(4) Reflection.	
102.	Contour line is the i	imaginary line joinin	g Places of equal	_	
	(1) Elevation	(2) Temperature	(3) Rainfall	(4) Humidity	
103.	The mountains which	ch are NOT related t	o Peninsular plateau ar	re	
	(1) Aravalis	(2) Sahyadris	(4) Nilgiris	(4) Eastern	
104.	The northern parts of	of the continents - G	hats within the polar re	egions is known as	
	(1) Taiga	(2) Tundra	(3) Pampas	(4) Downs.	
105.	Himadri is known as				
	(1) Greater Himalayas		(2) Lesser Himalayas		
	(3) Shivaliks (4) Outer Himaslayas.				
106.	The largest peninsular river is				
	(1) Kaveri	(2) Tungabhadra	(3) Godavari	(4) Krishna	
107.	Net National produc	ct (NNP) of a countr	y is		
	(1) GDP minus depr	reciation allowances	. (2) GDP plus net in o	come from abroad.	
	(1) GNP minus net i	income from abroad	. (3) GNP minus depre	eciation allowance.	
108.	James-I the King of	England (1603 CE)	was Succeeded by		
	(1) Queen of Tuder	(2) Charles.	(3) Louis XVI	(4) Edward	
109.	Bismark has played a very important role in The Unification of				
	(1) Italy	(2) France	(3) Germany	(4) Holland.	
110.	The declaration of A	American Independer	nce was adopted on		
	(1) 4th of July 1776	(2) 4th of July 177	7 (3) 7th of July 1778	(4) 20th of May 1776.	
111.	Which is NOT situa	ted at Fatehpur Sek	ri?		
	(1) The Panch Maha	al	(2) Moti Masjid		
	(3) 76mb of Saleem	Chishti	(4) The Mariyam pal	ace.	
112.	Whose period is con	nsidered as the Gold	en era in the history of	Golconda?	
	(1) Ibrahim Qutub S	Shah	(2) Quli Gutub Shah		
	(1) Mohommed Oul	li Outub Shah	(4) Abdullah Outub		

113.	Which of the following are covered under the Shals Fundamental Rights in the constitution of India.					
	I. Prohibition of traffic in human beings and forced labour					
	II. Prohibition of employment of Children in Factories					
	III. Freedam of Conscience and free profession Practice and propogation of religion.					
	Select the correct	answer using the cod	e given below.			
	(1) I and II only	(2) I and III only	(3) II and III only	(4) I, II and III		
114,	The vice president	t is the ex-officio Cha	irman of the			
	(1) Rajya Sabha		(2) Lok Sabha			
	(3) Planning Com	mission	(4) National Develo	opment Council.		
115.	The Customs union of Germany was called					
	(1) Cabinet	(2) Council	(3) Senate	(4) Zolloverein		
116	In the Sp throne.	anish people being fe	d up with their ruler l	sabella removed from her		
	(1) 1862	(2) 1863	(3) 1864.	(4) 1865		
117.	When was France	declared as a republi	c?			
	(1) 1789	(2) 1790	(3) 1791	(4) 1792.		
118.	The opium wars w	vere fought between				
	(1) America and (	China	(2) Italy and France			
	(3) China and Eng	gland	(4) Germany and Fr	rance		
119	In Year Sik	kim became the part	of India.			
	(1) 1975	(2) 1990	(3) 1965	(4) 1960.		
120.	World War-I ended with the Treaty of					
	(1) Versallies	(2) Paris	(3) Frankurt	(4) Prague		
121.	In which year did	USSR break up?				
	(1) 1988	(2) 1991	(3) 1993	(4) 1992		
122.	The treaties that g	ave! Alsace and Lorra	ain in Germany was _			
	(1) The treaties of	Paris	(2) The treaty of Fra	ank fort		
	(3) The treaty of V	Versillos	(4) The treaty of Se	veres.		
123.	In this part of the incorporated.	Indian Constitution th	e fundamental rights a	nd directive principles, are		
	(1) VI and VII	(2) IV, V	(3) II and III	(4) III, IV.		

124.	For the first-time the sixteen Mahajanapadas are mentioned in these texts.				
	(1) The Jainist	(2) The Greek	(3) The Chinese 293	(4) The Budhist	
125.	The Nile river origin	nates from this lake.			
	(1) Lake Nyasa	(2) Lake Erie	(3) Lake Huron	(4) Lake Victoria	
126.	One among the follo	owing was NOT the	Women Members of t	he constitunal Assembly	
	(1) Sucheta Karplar	ni (2) Sarojini Naidul	(3) Durgabai Deshm	ukh (4) Annie Besant.	
127.	The head of the Stal which is called	•	n and not a hereditory	position as in a Kingdom,	
	(1) Sovereign	(2) Republic	(3) Socialist	(4) Secular	
128.	Lok Sabha exercises	s more powers in ma	atters		
	(1) Defence	(2) Emergency	(3) Money	(4) Education	
129.	Swami Vivekananda	a Set up the Ramakr	ishna Mission with the	se objectives	
	(1) To make the peo	ople believe in one S	upream God and to rev	vive a reformed Hindu	
	(2) To make the peo	pple engage in Social	work and Social service	ee for international Recon	
	(3) To revive a refo for National Constr	•	and to engage in social	work and social service	
	(4) To preach Ahim	sa and to revive a re	formed hindu religion,		
130.	It shall be the duty	of every citizen to m	aintain the unity and so	overeignty of India is a	
	(1) Fundamental Ri	ght	(2) Fundamental duty	y of a citizen	
	(3) Directive princip	oles of State Policy	(4) Economic Right	of a citizen of India	
131.	The principles of panchsheel are				
	(1) Respect for each	n other sovereignty a	nd freedom of integrity	/	
	(2) Non interference in the internal affair of other countries				
	(3) Promoting peaceful Co-existence.				
	(4) To stop the grov	wth of nationalism in	the Middle East.		
	(1) 1,2 and 4	(2) 2, 3 and 4	(3) 1, 2 and 3	(4) 1, 2, 3 and 4.	
132.	The Northern easter	rn most Mahajana Pa	adas are		
	(1) Kuru	(1) Kamboja	(3) Asmaka	(4) Magdha	
133.	The Editor of Golco	onda Patrika was			
	(1) Suravaram Prata	npareddy	(2) Rama Krishna		
	(1) M. Hanmanth R	ao	(1) Srinivas Reddy		

lished in India.			n Commission was estab-	
	(1) Article 324 (15)	(2) Article 324 (17)		
	(3) Article 321 (02)	(4) Article 21		
135.	From among the following identify the	country located in the	Indian ocean.	
	(1) Taiwan (2) Bermuda	(3) Jamica	(4) Madagas	
136.	Corporate tax has to be levied on this _			
	(1) Interest Income (2) Rental Income	(3) Profit Income	(4) Personal Income.	
137.	Among the following the rate of interest	t is higher on these dep	oosits in India	
	(1) Saving deposit (2) Current deposit	t (3) Fixed deposit	(4) Recurring deposit	
138.	NABARD is a			
	(1) Credit organisation	(2) Debit organization	on	
	(3) Land loan organization	(4) Borrowing organ	nization.	
139.	One among the following is NOT the fu	nction of world Trade	organization.	
	(1) It seeks to resolve trade disputes.			
	(2) It provides monetary support to the contrade freely	developing Countries to	o enable them to Conduct	
	(3) It acts as a forum for multilateral tra	de negotiations.		
	(4) It ensures that trade flows as smooth	n predictably and freely	as possible.	
140.	One of the important objectives of NEP	-2020 is		
	(1) Preparing Curriculum.	(1) Promoting Peace	and harmony.	
	(3) Providing Scholarships to Students.	(1) Promoting Multi	ilingualism.	
141.	Who defined social studies as "The Soci Pedagogical Purposes?	al Studies are the Socia	al Sciences, simplified for	
	(1) Michaelis (2) John V. Michaelis	elis (3) Wesley	(4) Engle and Ochoa.	
142.	Knowledge that involves the Man's thin	king understands and	learning is	
	(1) Procedural Knowledge	(2) Factuel Knowled	lge	
	(3) Metacognitive Knowledge	(4) Conceptual Know	wledge	
143.	The Method which is useful to establish	a principle and verific	cation of that principle is	
	(1) Inductive-deductive method	(2) Project-Method		
	(3) Inductive Method	(4) Deductive metho	od	

144.	A social studies teacher used time line to teach Indian Freedom Movement this graph is			
	(1) Line graph using one one axis		(2) Line graph using four axes	
	(3) Line graph using two axes		(4) Line graph using three axes	
145.	Exploring Knowledge with this Creativity comes under this approach			
	(1) Subject Centred approach.		(2) Behavioural approach	
	(3) Constructive approach		(4) Program med learning.	
146.	"A formative Assesment (FA) is conducted to Monitor the instructional process to determine to whether learning is taking place as planned". This is according to			
	(1) Wiersma		(2) R.L. Ebel and D.A. Frisbie	
	(3) S. G. Jurs		(4) A.J.Nikto	
147.	The subject which may be considered both a natural and social science is			
	(1) History	(2) Economics	(3) Sociology	(4) Geography
148.	Study of biographies of social reformers, freedom fighters etc develops this kind of values among student to			
	(1) Inspirative values		(2) Interpretative values	
	(1) Vocational values		(1) Disciplinary values.	
149.	The taxonomy related to Cognitive domain has been presented by:			
	(1) Simpson	(2) B. S. Bloom	(3) Harrow	(4) Maria
150.	Which of the following is the psychological principles of teaching?			
	(1) Active learning prior knowledge motivation.			
	(2) Principle of progressiveness			
	(3) Using lecture method			
	(4) Restrictions principle			

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