EAPCET (AP) - 2025

(Engineering, Agriculture and Pharmacy Common Entrance Test)

MODEL TEST



CENTRE FOR EDUCATIONAL DEVELOPMENT OF MINORITIES OSMANIA UNIVERSITY

Minorities Welfare Department, Government of Telangana Nizam College Campus, Gunfoundry, Hyderabad – 500001.

BOTANY

1.	The term taxon refers to								
	1) Name of a species		2) Name of genus						
	3) Name of family		4) A taxonomic group	of any rank.					
2.	Class is present between	n							
	1) Kindom & Phyllum		2) Phylum and order						
	3) Order and family		4) family & genus.						
3.	Descending arrangement of Categories is called								
	1) Key	3) Heirarchy	3) Taxonomy	4) Classification					
4.	The label of a herbarium	n Sheet dres not carry	information on						
	1) Date Collection	2) Name the collecto	r 3) Local names	4) Height of the plant					
5.	Viroids differ from viru	ises is having							
	1) DNA molecules with	nout.							
	2) RNA molecules with	n protein coat							
	3) RNA molecules with	nout protein coat							
	4) DNA molecules with	n protein coat							
6.	After Karyogamy follow	wed by meiosis, spores	s are produced exogeno	ously in					
	1)Agarious	1)Alternaria	3) Neurosppra	4) Sacharomyces					
7.	Bacillus thuringiensis (Bt) strains have been used for designing novel								
	1) Bioinsecticidal plants		2) Bio-mineralizations						
	3) Biofuertizers 4) Bio-metallurgical techniques								
8.	Cry protein is obtained from								
	1) Bacillus thuringiensis		2) Bacillus subtilis						
	3) Clostridium Welchi		4) E-coli						
9.	In primary settling tank,	all sediments that settle	are termed as						
	1) Primary sludge	2) Effluent	3) Activated sludge	4) Flocs					
10.	The term poly adelphous is related to								
	1) Gyroceium	2) Androecium	3) Corella	4) Calyx					
11.	Coconut fruit is a								
	1) Berry	2) Nut	3) Capsule	4) Drupe					
12.	When Stamens are attached to perianth, Condition is known as								
	1) Epipetalous	2) Epiphyllous	3) Polyandrous	4) Diadelphous					
13.	Tricarpellary syncarpous gynoecium is found in flowers of								
	1) Fabaceae	2) Poaceoe	3) Liliacee	4) Solanaceoe					
14.	Placentation in tomato ar	nd Lemon is							
	1) Marginal	2)Axile	3) Parietal	4) Free Central					
15.	Cork is formed from								
	1) Cork combium	2) Vascular combium	3) Phloem	4) Xylem					
16. C	Companion cells are associ	ated with							
	1) Vessel elements	2) Trichomes	3) Guard celle	4) Sieve elements					

17.	The most primitive type of stele is							
	1) Eustete	2) Solenostele	3) Protostele	4) Siphonostele.				
18.	The functional xyler	n of dicet tree is						
	1) Sap wood	2) Hard wood	13) Heartwood	4) Autumn				
19.	Age of a tree Can b	e estimated by						
	1) Number of annu	al rings	2) Diameter of its he	eartwood				
	3) Its height and gir	rth	4) Biomass					
20.	Infloresence is race	emose in						
	1) Brinjal	2) Tulip	3) Aloe	4) Soyabean				
21. 1	The mechanism that	causes a gene is called	to move from one linka	ge group to another				
	1) Inversion	2) Duplication	3) Translocation					
22.	Which of the follow	· =	describes haemophilia.	, -				
	1) Cchromosomal d		2) Dominant gene dis	sorder				
	3) Recessive gene d	isorder	4) Recessive gene dis	sorder				
23.	,	mentary genes in F, gener	, <u> </u>					
	1) 12:3:1	2) 9:8	3) 9:3:4	4) 9:6:1				
24.	,	,	egard to the importance of	<i>'</i>				
	1) It confirms that DNA is the Carries of genes information							
	2) It helps to understand whether the trait question is dominant of recessive							
	3) It confirms that the trait is linked to one of the autosome							
		the inheritance of a spec						
25.	, -	in humans is due to						
	1) The X chromoso		2) Three copies of C	Chrome of chromosomes				
	3) Monosomy		4) Two Y chromoso					
26.	Uridine, present on	lv in RNA is a	,					
	10 Nucleoside	2) Nucleotide	3) Purine	4) Pyrimidine				
27.		wing is the starter codon	·	, ,				
	1)UAA	2) UAG	3)AUG	4) UGA				
28.	,	,	al Came from the experim	,				
	1) Hershey & Chase	_	-	2) Avery, Mcleod & McCarty				
	3) Hangdoind Khora		4)Griffith	· ·				
29.	· -	ing is codons codes for Pr	,					
	1) CCC, CCU, CC	•	CU 3) CUG, CUU, CUA	4) CGC, CGG, CCA.				
30.		lowing is a restriction end		, , ,				
	1) DN asel	2) R Nase	3) Hind II	4) Protease				
31.	The cutting of DNA	at specific Locations bec	ause possible with the dis	covery of				
	1) Selectable maske	rs 2) Ligases	3) RE	4) Probes				
32.		used to transfer T-DNA						
	1) Streptomycis hyg	roscopices	, -	2) Agrobacterium tumefacium				
22	3) Salmonella typhi		<i>'</i>	4) E-coli				
33.	-	ssion helps to transforme		4) C 1 + 11 1				
	1) Vector	2) Plasmid	3) Structural gene	4) Selectable markers				

34.	Natality refers to										
	1) N	umbe	r of ind	lividua	ls leavi	ng the habitat	2) Birth rate				
	3) Death rate						4) Number of individu	als entering a habitat			
35.	Myo	corrhiz	zae are	the exa	ample o	of					
	1)A	mmen	salism		2)A	ntibiosis	3) Mutalism	4) Fungistasis			
36.	The	age py	yramid	l with b	road b	ase indicates					
	1)H	ligh pe	rcenta	ge of ol	ld indiv	riduals	2) Low Percentage of	young individuals			
	3)A	stable	popul	lation			4) High Percentage of	Young individuals.			
37.	The	term e	ecosys	tem wa	s coine	ed by					
	1) H	laecke	1		2) E	. Warming	3) E. P. Odun	4) A.G. Tansley			
38.	Whi	Which ecosystem has the maximum biomass									
	1) G	rassla	nd eco	system	a 2) P	ond ecosystem	3) Lake ecosystem	4) Forect ecosystem			
39.	Wha	at is th	e Natio	onal Aq	_l uatic A	nimal of India?					
	1)B	lue W	hale		2) S	ea Horse	3) Gangetic Shark	4) River Dolphin			
40.	Whi	ich of t	the foll	lowing	structu	res is not found ir	a prokaryotic cell				
	1) N	lesoso	ome		2) Pl	lasmamembrane	3) Nuclear enuelope	4) Ribesome			
						ZOOLO	OGY				
41.	Brai	nch of	Zoolo	gy com	nected	with the improve	ment of Human Race thr	rough laws of heredity is			
	1) E	1) Eugenics 2) Euthenics					3) Euphenics	4) Eithology			
42.	Fath	er of T	Taxono	omy is							
	1) W	1) William Harvey 2) Carolous Lineus					3)Aristotle	4) Theophrastus			
43.	Inte	r conv	ertibili	ty of Sc	ol-gel is	S					
	1) N	[atural	chang	ge			2) Physical change				
	3) C	hemic	al chai	nge			4) Physico-Chemical	change			
44.	Whi	ich of t	he foll	lowing	coelent	terate does not ex	hibit metagenesis				
	1) C	belic			2)A	urelia	3) Hydra	4) Physalia			
45.	Mat	ch the	follow	ving co	lumns	and choose the co	orrect answer				
	Col	umn –	- A			Column - B					
	A. P	olyem	bryon	у		I. Schistosoma h	asmatobium				
	B. L	iver fl	uke			II. Dibothriceph	ulus				
	C.B	ilharzi	iasis			III. Trematoda					
	D. Largest tape worm IV. Hymeno						s nana				
	E. S	malles	st tape	worm		V. Fasciola					
		A	В	C	D	E					
	1)	II	I	III	IV	V					
	2)	III	V	I	IV	II					
	3)	III	V	I	II	ΙV					
	4)	III	IV	I	II	V					
46.	The	larva v	which	perform	ns Noc	turnal periodicity					
	1) P	lanula			2) R	habiditi form larv	a				
	3) N	licrofi	laria		4) C	ysticercus					
47.	Match the following and choose the correct answer										

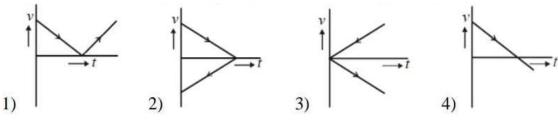
Column – A					Column – B				
A. S	tratifie	ed cubo	oidal epi	ithelium	I. Ducts of Paratid II. Thyroid gland				
B.S	imple	cuboid	al epith	elium					
C.S	imple	colum	nar epitl	nelium	III. Cornea of eyes				
D. S	imple	squam	ous epi	thelium	IV. Conjuctiva of eyes				
					V. Trachea and Bronchi				
	A	В	C	D					
1)	V	III	II	I					
2)	IV	II	I	V					
3)	II	IV	I	III					
4)	V	II	III	IV					
Fino	d out th	ne corr	ect seri	es of diagram					
1) aı	tery, la	acunae	, canali	culi	2) Canaliculi, volkman's canal, vein				
3) V	olkma	n's car	nal, lacu	ınae, bone lamellae	4) Vollkman's canal, la	acunae, canaliculi			
Aris	totle's	lanten	in echi	noids is known as					
1)A	liment	ary org	gan	2) Supplementar	y organ 3) Mastigatory orga	an 4)All			
Aqu	atic or	ganisn	n with 1	imited power of loc	omotion are called				
1) P	lankto	n		2) Nektons	3) Neustons	4) Periphytons			
	One of the following is useful measures for prevention and control of TDA abuse among the adolescents								
A)A	A) Avoid undue parental pressure, and by Responsibility of parents and teachers								
B) Seeking help from peers, education and counseling									
C) S	Seeking	g help i	from pr	ofessional, alcohol	and drug consumptive perso	ons			
1)A	and C	are tr	ue, B is	sfalse	2) B and C are true, A	is false			
3)A	and B	are tr	ue, C is	sfalse	4) A, B and C are true	e, None is false			
In ea	arthwo	rm lat	eral He	art can be different	iated from lateral oesophage	eal Hearts by the presence			
1)2	pairs o	of valv	es	2) 3 pairs of valv	es 3) 4 pairs of valves	4)All			
_		ease in	n the nu	umber of cells in the	e organ of host due to the pre	esence of a parasite is			
1) H	[yperp]	lasia		2) Hypertrophy	3) Over growth	4) Necrosis			
The	body	cavity	of cock	roach is not a true b	oody cavity, filled with blood	d is called			
1) H	aemat	o fluid		2) Haemalymph	3) Haemocoel	4) Pseudocuel			
Rea	d the f	ollowi	ng state	ement and choose th	ne correct answer				
A. Iı	A. In Phereretima dorsal Blood vessel is collecting and distributing Blood vessel.								
В. Г	orsal l	Blood	vessel	is considered as tru	e heart in earthworm.				
1) A	& B a	re fals	se	2) A is correct a	and B is correct explainaihe	en to A.			
3)A	is fals	e and	B is true	e. 4) A is correct exp	plaination to B, But B is fals	se			
Cho	ose the	e Corre	ect Stat	ement regarding m	alaria and its parasite.				
I. M	Ialaria	Cause	d in ma	n by plasmodium v	ivax.				
				• •					
	IIL. Sexual Cycle of plasmocdium discovered by Ronald Ross in female Anopheles.								
	A. S. B. S. C. S. D. S. C. S.	A. Stratified B. Simple C. Simple C. Simple C. Simple D. Simple D. Simple A. In Pheromatory of the adolescent A. In Pheromatory of the A. In Pher	A. Stratified cubod B. Simple cuboid C. Simple column D. Simple squam A B 1) V III 2) IV II 3) II IV 4) V II Find out the corre 1) artery, lacunae 3) Volkman's car Aristotle's lanten 1) Alimentary org Aquatic organism 1) Plankton One of the follow adolescents A) Avoid undue B) Seeking help C) Seeking help C) Seeking help 1) A and C are tr 3) A and B are tr In earthworm lat of 1) 2 pairs of valv Rapid increase in known as 1) Hyperplasia The body cavity 1) Haemato fluid Read the followi A. In Phereretima B. Dorsal Blood 1) A & B are fals 3) A is false and I Choose the Corre I. Malaria Cause II. Every year wo	A. Stratified cuboidal epith C. Simple columnar epith D. Simple squamous epith D. J. II. II. II. II. II. III. III. III	A. Stratified cuboidal epithelium B. Simple cuboidal epithelium C. Simple columnar epithelium D. Simple squamous epithelium D. Simple squamous epithelium A B C D 1) V III II I V 3) II IV I III 4) V II III IV Find out the correct series of diagram 1) artery, lacunae, canaliculi 3) Volkman's canal, lacunae, bone lamellae Aristotle's lanten in echinoids is known as 1) Alimentary organ 2) Supplementar Aquatic organism with limited power of loc 1) Plankton 2) Nektons One of the following is useful measures for adolescents A) Avoid undue parental pressure, and by F B) Seeking help from peers, education and C) Seeking help from professional, alcohol 1) A and C are true, B is false 3) A and B are true, C is false In earthworm lateral Heart can be different of 1) 2 pairs of valves 2) 3 pairs of valv Rapid increase in the number of cells in the known as 1) Hyperplasia 2) Hypertrophy The body cavity of cockroach is not a true be allowed as the following statement and choose the A. In Phereretima dorsal Blood vessel is considered as tru 1) A & B are false 2) A is correct ex Choose the Correct Statement regarding m I. Malaria Caused in man by plasmodium v II. Every year world Mosquito day is celeb	A. Stratified cuboidal epithelium B. Simple cuboidal epithelium C. Simple squamous epithelium D. Simple squamous epithelium TV. Conjuctiva of eyes V. Trachea and Bronchi A B C D TV III II V TI II V TI III V Thind out the correct series of diagram T) artery, lacunae, canaliculi Ty lacunae, canaliculi Ty lacunae, canaliculi Ty lacunae, canaliculi Ty laristotle's lanten in echinoids is known as Ty Alimentary organ Ty Dynakton T			

IV. Anisogamy and Isogamy are the Naturally Seen Reproduction in plasmodium viva										
	1) I, II, &	III	2) II, III, I	V	3) I, I	I & III	4d) III, IV, II			
57.	Choose th	ne Correct state	ment of the	following re	egarding	g circulation in fr	og.			
	I. Heart is	I. Heart is 3 Chambered.								
	II. Heart S	ituated in perio	ardial Cavi	ty						
	IIII. Conu	s arteriosus is a	absent							
	IV. Blood	contains erythi	ocytes, leud	cocyles and	thromb	ocytes.				
	V. Sinus v	enosus is not a	Pacemaker	:						
	1) I, II &	V,	2) I, III &	IV	3) I, I	I & III	4) I, II, IV			
58.	The Mass	of eggs are rele	eased by the	e female frog	g is nan	ned				
	1) milt		2) Spawn		3) 1 &	£ 2	4) ova			
59.	The arrang	gemeats of Abd	lominal gan	glia in Segui	ments c	ockroach is				
	1) 1,2,3,5	,6,7	2) 1, 2, 3,	4, 6, 7	3) 1, 3	3, 4, 5, 6, 7	4) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7			
60.	Fat bodies	s in Cockroach	are Similar	to						
	1) The liv	er of Invertebra	ates stores f	ood & uric a	acid					
	2) The live	er of vertrebrat	es stores fo	od & uric an	d, Sym	bioses & Synthes	size lipids.			
	3) The heart of vertebrates, filter the blood & Circulation,									
	4) The Brain of Invertebrate & co-ordinate the all body functions.									
61.	Mouth pa	rts of Insects a	re							
	1) Homole	ogous organs	2) Analogo	ous organs.	3) Ves	stigeal organs.	4) Atavistic organs.			
62.	Break-bone fever is also known as									
	1) yellow	fever	2) Malaria	Į.	3) Fila	ariasis	4) Dengue fever			
63.	Chikungunya transmit to man by									
	1) Infected	d person			2) Mo	squito				
	· ·	d female Aedes		-		lex female				
64.	The Symptoms of Dengue fever are are begins after biting of mosquito to man is									
	1) 1 to 2 o	•	2) 2 to 4 d	•		o 10 days	4) 4 to 10 days.			
65.		e following are	• •	& Signs of d	•					
	,	ch & muscular j	•			ne or Joint pains				
		ver, Rash & Sv	_		4)All	5:08pm				
66.	Look the diagram & find out the correct Series of Names									
	1) Posterier thoracic air sac, Inter claricle, Abdominal, trachea									
	2) Cervical, Inter claricle, Right lung, Abdominal									
		3) Cervical, Inter claricle, Abdominal & Posterier thoracic air sac.								
		al, Inter claricle		osterier ther	ocic	2000				
67.		following colu		_			C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C			
	S.NO	Food Subst		Enzyme		Products.	0.1			
	I	Carbohydra	tes.	Amylase		maltose, Sucrose				
	II	Maltose		Maltase		Glucose & Galac				
	III	Sucrose		Invertrase	(Glucose + Cellul	ose			

IV Lactose Lactase Glucose & Galaclose which of the Above are Correct.

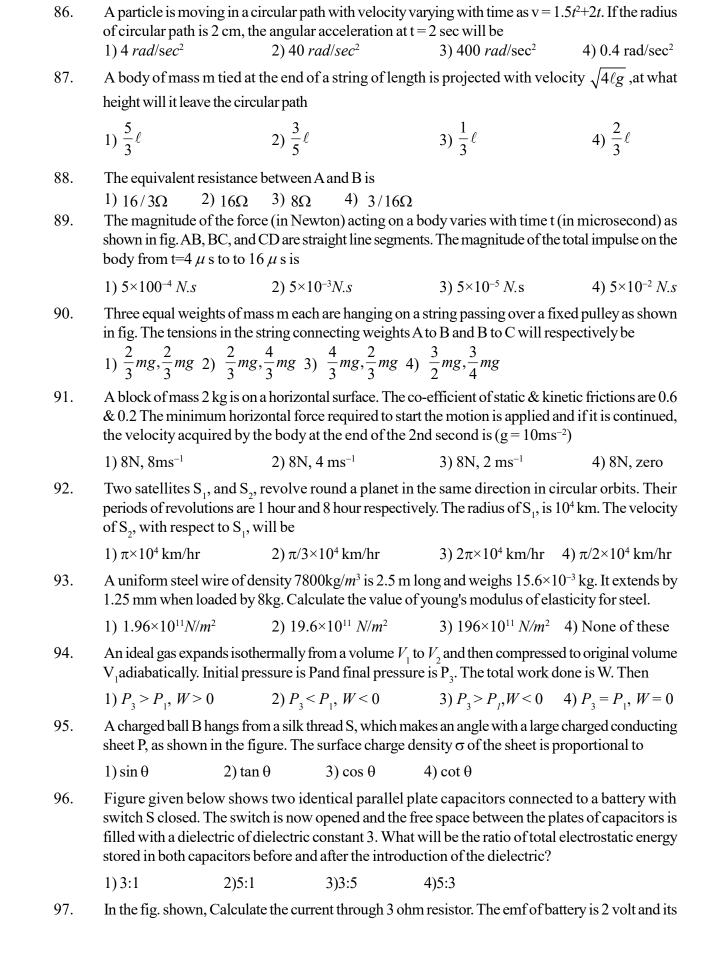
	1) I	& II			2) II	& III	3) III & IV	4) I & IV		
68	ΑН	ealthy	huma	n breath	ns norma	ally per minu	te.			
		2 to 13				• •	3) 12 to 16 times	4) 13 to 18 times.		
69.	Mat	ch the	follov	ving an		e the correct	•	,		
		sbesto		Ü		alation of co				
	B. S	ilicosis	S		II in h	nalation of co	old dust			
		ideros				yper ferremi				
				sease		sbestos indu				
						ica dust	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
		A	В	C	D	iou dust				
	1)	I	II	III	IV					
	2)	IV	V	III	II					
	3)	IV	V	II	I					
	4)	IV	V	III	I					
70.	In h	uman l	eing l	Heart b	eat is ini	itiated by				
	1) A	. V.no	de		b) S.	A node	3) Sinus venosus	4) Purkenji fibres		
71.	Step	s invo	lve in	Heart b	eat are					
	1)A	uricul	ar syst	ole \rightarrow	ventricu	ılar diastole	→ ventricular Systole			
	2)A	uricul	ar syst	ole \rightarrow	ventricu	ılar systole –	→ ventriculer diastole			
	3)A	3) Auricular systole → ventricular systole → diastole of Complete Heart								
	4) N	lone o	fthese	e						
72.	One of the following high, B.P is fatal to human's Kidney & Brain.									
	100			10	20	150	120			
	1) 1	$\frac{150}{110}$ E	Ig		2) $\frac{12}{19}$	$\frac{10}{100}$ Hg	3) $\frac{150}{90}$ Hg	4) $\frac{120}{80}$ Hg		
73.						•				
13.		Assertion (A) Infection of the urinery fract is more common in woman than in man. Reasen (R) Due to Short urethra, which is more close to the Anal aperture.								
		•								
	1) A is true, R is false 2) A is true, R is true, but R is not the correct explaination of A									
	2) A is true, R is true, but R is not the correct explaination of A. 2) A is true, R is true and R is the correct explaination of A.									
		3) A is true, R is true and R is the correct explaination of A.4) A is false R is false and R is the correct explainaitien of A.								
7.4							_			
74.	Match the following & choose the correct Answer									
	A. Motor unit					I. Neuron & set of the Muscle fibres innervated by				
				ıler Jun	ction	telodendrites & constitute.				
	C. Functional unit					II. Sarcomere of striated muscle.				
	D. Voluntary muscle					III. Cardiac muscle				
						IV. Junctio	n between a motor neur	on and Sarcolemma.		
						V. Skelet	al muscles.			
		A	В	C	D					
	1)	I	II	III	IV					
	2)	II	I	III	IV					
	3)	I	IV IV	V II	II V					
75	4)	I -114 1-								
75.	Sma	mest b	one in	numan	's body					

	1)A	tlas			2) Malleus	3) Stepes	4) Patella		
76.	Mat	tch the	follow	ving &	choose the correct.	Answer			
	Col	umn-I			Column - II				
	A. N	Myocu	el		I. Ol factory lob	e			
	В. Г	Diacoel	[II. Cerebral hem	isphere.			
	C. L	ateral	ventri	cle	III. Foramen of 1	monro			
	D. F	Rhinoc	oel		IV. Diencephalor	n			
					V. Medulla obler	ngata			
		A	В	C	D				
	1)	V	IV	III	I				
	2)	V	IV	II	I				
	3)	V	IV	I	II				
	4)	IV	V	II	I				
77.	Rea	absorp	tion of	fH,O iı	n Nephrons is cont	rolled by			
	1)ACTH				2) STH	3) Vasopressin	4) Oxytocin		
78.	-		which	stops o	vulation is	, 1	, •		
		S.S.H		•	2) L. H	3) Prolactin	4) Progesterone		
79.	79. The body is covered by				fine hair, eye lids,	ey lashes are formed by tl	ne end of		
		-		ird trin		ester 2) 24 weeks in 2nd trimester			
				nd trim					
80.					nent of blastocyst and its attachment to the uterine wall is called				
		ertiruti		-	2) Puberty	3) Implantation	4) Gestation		
	ŕ				PI	HYSICS			
81.	In	S = a	ı + ht +	$-ct^2$, S	is measured in me	eters and t in seconds. The	unit of c is		
		ms^{-2}	1011	Ci ,	2) m	$3) \text{ms}^{-1}$	4) No units		
82.			le start	s from	/	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	is as shown in the figure. The		
	m	aximu	m spec	ed of the	e particle will be				
) 110 m			2)55 m/s		a 2		
0.0) 550 n			4) 660 m/s		10 m/s ²		
83.	re		t veloci		* *	ich of the following graph ring its flight? (air resistance			
		v			- ,.l		. vl		
		1	×	/	Ť.	1 /	† N		



- 84. As shown in figure the tension in the horizontal cord is 30 N. The weight W and tension in the string OA in Newtons are
 - 1) $30\sqrt{3},30$

- 2) $30\sqrt{3},60$ 3) $60\sqrt{3},30$ 4) None of these
- A ball is thrown from ground level so as to just clear a wall 4 metres high at a distance of 4 85. metres and falls at a distance of 14 metres from the wall. The magnitude of velocity of the ball



2) $\sqrt{175}m/s$

3) $\sqrt{165}m/s$

4) $\sqrt{155}m/s$

will be

1) $\sqrt{182}m/s$

•		•	0 10	1
ınternal	l resistance	10	7/3	α hm
писпа	i i coiotanice	1.7	41.)	OHILL

1) 0.33 amp

2) 0.44 amp

3) 1.22 amp

4) 0.88 amp

98. A thin circular wire carrying a current I has a magnetic moment M. The shape of the wire is changed to a square and it carries the same current. It will have a magnetic moment

1) M

2) $\frac{4}{\pi^2}M$

3) $\frac{4}{-}M$

99. Consider the arrangements shown in figure in which the north pole of a magnet is moved away from a thick conducting loop containing capacitor. Then excess positive charge will arrive on

1) plate a

2) plate b

3) both plates a and b

4) None of the plates a and b

100. A current $10 \,\mathrm{A}$ in the primary coil of a circuit is reduced to zero at a uniform rate in 10^{-3} second. If the coefficient of mutual inductance is 3H, the induced e.m.f. in the secondary coil will be

1) 3 kV

2) 30 kV

3) 2 kV

4) 20 kV

101. An alternating current is given by the equation $i = i_1 \cos \omega t + i_2 \sin \omega t$. The r.m.s. current is given by

1) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(i_1+i_2)$

2) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(i_1+i_2)^2$ 3) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(i_1^2+i_2^2)^{1/2}$ 4) $\frac{1}{2}(i_1^2+i_2^2)^{1/2}$

102. A light beam travelling in the X-direction is described by the electric field E_v, (300V/m) $\sin \omega (t - x / c)$. An electron is constrained to move along the Y - direction with a speed of 2.0×10⁷ m/s. The maximum magnetic force (in N) on the electron is.

1) 3.2×10^{-18}

2) 5.1×10^{-16}

3) 6.5×10^{-11}

4)7.8× 10^{-12}

103. In Bohr model of atom an electron of charge (-e) and mass m is revolving around a nucleus of charge +ze. If L is the orbital angular momentum of electron, then its magnetic moment is given by

1) $-\frac{e}{2m}\overline{L}$

2) $\frac{e}{2m}\overline{L}$

3) $\frac{-Ze}{2m}\overline{L}$

4) $\frac{Ze}{2\pi}\bar{L}$

Energy levels A, B, C of a certain atom corresponding to increasing values of energy i. e. $E_A < E_B$ 104. $< E_c$. If $\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3$ are the wavelengths of radiations corresponding to the transitions C to B, B to A and C to A respectively, which of the following statements is correct?

1) $\lambda_3 = \lambda_1 + \lambda_2$

2) $\lambda_3 = \frac{\lambda_1 \lambda_2}{\lambda_1 + \lambda_2}$ 3) $\lambda_1 + \lambda_2 + \lambda_3 = 0$ 4) $\lambda_3^2 + \lambda_1^2 + \lambda_2^2$

105. In the given figure, the diodes in forward biased are

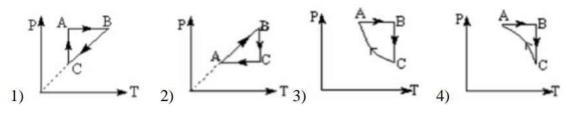
1) A, B, C only

2) B, C only

3) A, C only

4) A only

106. An ideal gas undergoes a thermodynamics cycle as shown in figure. Which of the following graphs



107. A uniform rope of mass m and length L is hung freely from stationary ceiling. If the cross sectional area of rope is A and Young's modulus Y, then net elongation in the rope due to its own weight

1)
$$\frac{mgL}{AY}$$

$$2) \frac{mgL}{2AY}$$

3)
$$\frac{mgL}{3AY}$$

4)
$$\frac{mgL}{4AY}$$

108. Two soap bubbles to form a single large drop (r = radius of small bubbles R = radius of large drop)

Column: I

- A) surface energy in the process
- B) pressure of the soap bubble inside will be
- C) temperature of drop will be
- D) radius of final single drop

Column - II

- P) $2^{1/3}$ r
- Q) Decreases
- $R) 4^{1/3} r$
- S) increases.
- 2) A-Q,B-P,C-S,D-P
- 4) A-P,B-Q,C-P,D-S

109. In a photo electric experiment, I(current)-V (voltage) graph is as shown. Curves a,b,c correspond to three different metal surfaces irradiated with monochromatic light of same frequency. Assuming the ratio of number of electrons emitted per second to the number of photons incident per second is the same for all the three surfaces, choose the INCORRECT statement:

- 1) the work function of metals b and c are equal
- 2) the intensities of light incident on a and b are same
- 3) the work functions of metals a and b are not equal
- 4) the intensities of light incident on a, b and c are all different

110. The value of L, C and R in an LCR series circuit are 4 mH, 40 pF and 100_{Ω} respectively. The quality factor of the circuit is

4) 10

111. Two coherent sources of light emit waves with wavelength with constant phase difference of 180°. The intensity due to each at a point on a screen is I. At a point on the screen where the path

difference between two waves is $\frac{3\lambda}{2}$ the total intensity will be:

1)
$$2I_0$$

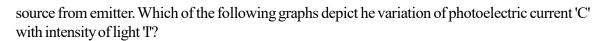
3)
$$6I_0$$

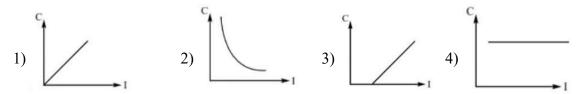
4) *3I*₀

112. Statement - A: A diver under water, looks obliquely at a fisherman standing on the bank of a lake. The fisherman look shorter to the diver than what he actually is

Statement - B: A convex mirror always produces a virtual image independent of location of the real object

- 1) Both statements A & B are true 2) Statement A is true and Statement B is false
- 3) Statement A is false and Statement B is true 4) Both statements A & B are false
- 113. In photoelectric effect experiment, the intensity of light is varied by changing the distance of light





114. Assertion (A): The Bohr model is not applicable to atoms having many electrons.

Reason (R): In atoms having many electrons, each electron interacts not only with positively charged nucleus but also with all other electrons.

- 1) Both assertion and reason are true and reason is correct explanations of assertion.
- 2) Both assertion and reason are true but reason is not correct explanation of essertion.
- 3) Assertion is true and reason is false
- 4) Assertion is false and reason is true
- 115. The combination of gates shown in the diagram is equivalent to
 - 1) OR

- 2) AND
- 3) NAND
- 4) NOR
- 116. Two identical capacitors have the same capacitance C. One of them is charged to a potential Vi and the other to V2. If they are connected with their unlike plates together, the decrease in energy of the combined system is

1)
$$\frac{1}{4}C(V_1^2-V_2^2)$$

2)
$$\frac{1}{4}C(V_1^2+V_2^2)$$

3)
$$\frac{1}{4}C(V_1 - V_2)^2$$

1)
$$\frac{1}{4}C(V_1^2 - V_2^2)$$
 2) $\frac{1}{4}C(V_1^2 + V_2^2)$ 3) $\frac{1}{4}C(V_1 - V_2)^2$ 4) $\frac{1}{4}C(V_1 + V_2)^2$

Some relations and laws related to fluids are given in column A, While the reasons behind them are 117. given in column B. Match A and B

Column - I

Column - II

- (a) Stoke's law energy
- e) Surface potential
- (b) Equation of continuity
- f) Viscosity
- (c) Bernoulli's theorem
- g) Conservation of mass
- (d) Velocity efflux
- h) Conservation of energy

1) (a)
$$-$$
 (e), (b) $-$ (f), (c) $-$ (g), (d) $-$ (h)

$$(a) - (f), (b) - (h), (c) - (g), (d) - (e)$$

3) (a)
$$-$$
 (f), (b) $-$ (g), (c) $-$ (h), (d) $-$ (e)

3) (a)
$$-(f)$$
, (b) $-(g)$, (c) $-(h)$, (d) $-(e)$ 4) (a) $-(e)$, (b) $-(h)$, (c) $-(g)$, (d) $-(f)$

- 118. When two identical batteries of internal resistance 10 each are connected in series across a resistor R, the rate of heat produced in R is P₁. When the same batteries are connected in parallel across R, the rate is P_2 . If $P_1=2.25 P_2$, the value of R is

2) 4Ω

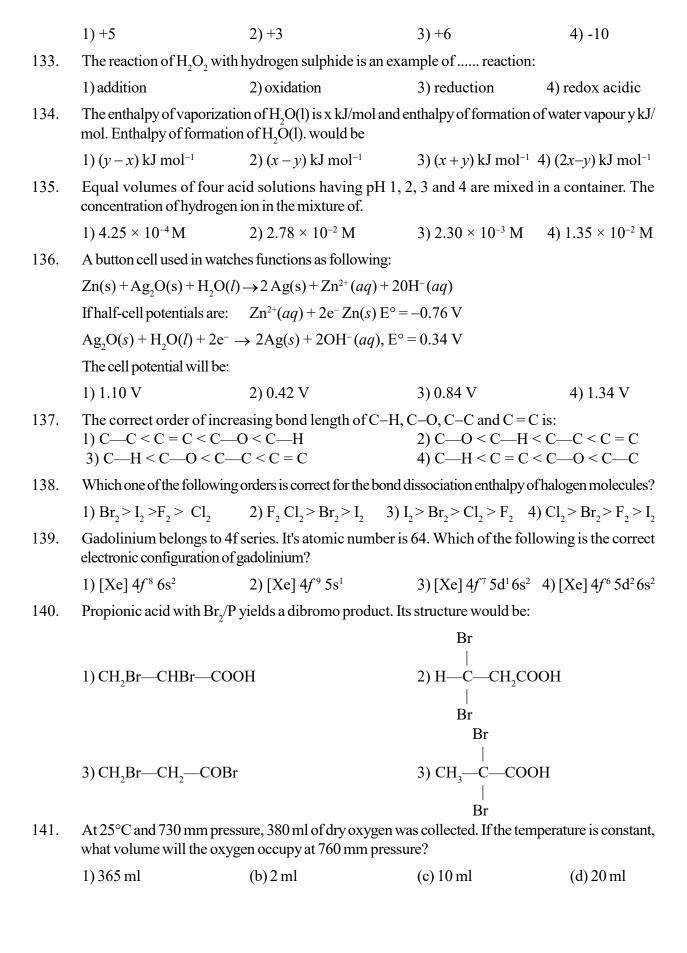
- $3) 10\Omega$
- 4) 12Ω
- 119. If θ is the angle of projection and H, R are the maximum height, range of a projectile, then Tan θ is
 - 1)4H/R

2)4R/H

- 3) 2H/R
- 4) 2R/H
- 120. The force per unit length on a wire carrying current of 8A making an angle of 30° with a uniform magnetic field of 0.15 T is
 - 1) 1.2 N
- 2) 1.02 N
- 3) 0.6 N
- 4) 2.4 N

CHEMISTRY

121.	1. A mixture of gases contains H_2 and O_2 gases in the ratio of 1:4 (w/w). What is the molar rate the two gases in the mixture?						
	1) 16 : 1	2) 2 : 1	3) 1 : 4	4) 4:1			
122.	In H-atom spectrum electron jumps from 5th excited state to 1st excited state then tota spectral lines, number of lines in Lyman series and Paschen series respectively are:						
	1) 10, 4, 3	2) 15,0,4	3) 15, 4, 5	4) 10,0,3			
123.	The angular momentum of	f electron in 'd' orbital is equa	al to:				
	1) $2\sqrt{3}h$	2) h	3) $\sqrt{6}h$	4) $\sqrt{2}h$			
124.	Which of the following is	correct with respect to -I effe	ect of the substituents? [R	=alkyl]			
	$1) - NH_2 > -OR > -F$		$2) - NR_2 < -OR < -F$				
	3) $-NH_2 < -OR < -F$		$4) - NR_2 > -OR > -F$				
125.	The species, having bond	angles of 120° is:					
	1) PH ₃	(b) CIF ₃	(c) NC1 ₃	BCl ₃			
126.	The species Ar, K^+ and Ca^{2+} contain the same number of electrons. In which order do their radii increase?						
	1) $Ca^{2+} < K^+ < Ar$	2) $K^+ < Ar < Ca^{2+}$					
	3) $Ar < K^+ < Ca^{2+}$	4) $Ca^{2+} < Ar < K^+$					
127.	The solubility of BaSO ₄ , ir will be [Given molar mass	n water is $2.42 \times 10^{-3} \text{gL}^{-1}$ at 2 s of BaSO ₄ = 233 g mol ⁻¹]	98K. The value of solubil	ity product (K_{sp})			
	1) $1.08 \times 10^{-2} mol^2 L^{-1}$	2) 1.08 x 10 ⁻¹² mol ² L ⁻²					
	3) $1.08 \times 10^{-14} \text{mol}^2 L^{-2}$	4) 1.08 x 10 ⁻⁸ mol ² L ⁻²					
128.	What is the activation ener 20°C to 35°C? (R= 8.314	gy for a reaction if its rate do $J \text{ mol}^{-1} K^{-1}$)	bubles when the temperature	re is raised from			
	1) 342 kJ mol ⁻¹	2) 269 kJ mol ⁻¹	3) 34.7 kJ mol ⁻¹ 4) 1	5.1 kJ mol ⁻¹			
129.	In which of the following property indicated against	options the order of arrange it?	ement does not agree with	the variation of			
	1) I < Br < Cl < F (increasing electron gain enthalpy) 2) Li < Na < K < Rb (increasing metallic radius) 3) Al ³⁺ < Mg ²⁺ < Na ⁺ < F ⁻ (increasing ionic size) 4) B < C < N < O (increasing first ionization enthalpy)						
130.	Aqueous solution of which	n of the following compound	ls is the best conductor of o	electric current?			
	1) Hydrochloric acid, HC	[2) Ammonia, NH ₃				
	3) Fructose, $C_6H_{12}O_6$		4) Acetic acid, C ₂ H ₄ O ₂				
131.		action is $0.04 \text{ mol } L^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$ ahe reaction. The half-life per		nol $L^{-1}s^{-1}$ at 20			
	1) 44.1 s	2) 54.1 s	3) 24.1 s	4) 34.1 s			
132.	In acidic medium, H ₂ O ₂ c state of Cr in CrO ₅ is:	changes $\operatorname{Cr}_2\operatorname{O}_7^{2-}$ to CrO_5 wh	nich has two (-O-O-) bo	onds. Oxidation			



142. Predict the product C obtained in the following reaction of 1-butyne.

$$CH_{3}CH_{2}-C = CH + HCI \longrightarrow B \xrightarrow{HI} C$$
1)
$$CH_{3}-CH-CH_{2}CH_{2}I$$
2)
$$CH_{3}-CH_{2}-CH_{2}-CH$$
3)
$$CH_{3}-CH_{2}-CH-CH_{2}CI$$
4)
$$CH_{3}CH_{2}-C-CH_{3}$$
Following compounds are given:

- 143. Following compounds are given:
 - (ii) CH₃COCH₃ (iii) CH₃—CHOH (iv) CH₃OH (i) CH₂CH₂OH

Which of the above compound(s), on being warmed with iodine solution and NaOH, will give iodoform?

- 1) (i), (iii) and (iv) 2) Only (ii) 3) (i), (ii) and (iii) 4) (i) and (ii)
- 144. Consider the following statements.
 - (1) XeF₄ is colourless crystalline solid and undergoes sub-limation.
 - (2) XeOF₄ is colourless volatile liquid.
 - (3) XeO_4 is colourless explosive solid.

The correct statements are:

- 1)(1) and (2) only 2) (2) and (3) only 3) (1) and (3) only 4)(1),(2) and (3)
- A solution has 1:4 mole ratio of pentane to hexane. The vapour pressure of the pure hydrocarbons 145. at 20°C are 440 mm of Hg for pentane and 120 mm of Hg for hexane. The mole fraction of pentane in the vapour phase would be:
 - 1) 0.549 2) 0.200 3) 0.786 4) 0.478
- 146. One mole of A13⁺ discharged completely by using charge?
- 3) 0.3F
- In which of the following molecules/ions BF, NO₂-, NH₂- and H₂O, the central atom is sp² 147. hybridised?
- 1) NO₂⁻ and NH₂⁻ 2) NH₂⁻ and H₂O 3) NO_2^- and H_2O 4)BF₃ and NO_2^-
- 148. Which one of the following is a free-radical substitution reaction?

1)
$$CH_2CI \rightarrow CH_2NO_2$$

 $CH_3NO_2 \rightarrow CH_3NO_2$
2) $CH_3CHO + HCN \rightarrow CH_3 - CH - CN$
 OH
3) $CH_3CI \rightarrow CH_3CI \rightarrow CH_3CI$

149. Consider the following reaction:

Ethanol
$$\xrightarrow{PBr_3} X \xrightarrow{\text{alc. KOH}} Y \xrightarrow{\text{H}_2SO_4, room temperature}} Z$$

3)
$$CH_3CH_2OH$$
 4) $CH_2=CH_2$

150.	150. Which of the following is an ideal solution?							
	1) Etha	nol+wate	er		2) Nitric acid + v	2) Nitric acid + water		
	3) Ethanol + benzene			4) Benzene + toluene		iene		
151.	The eff	ficiency of	a fuel cell	is given by:				
	1) $\frac{\Delta G}{\Delta S}$	-		$2) \frac{\Delta G}{\Delta H}$	3) $\frac{\Delta S}{\Delta G}$	4) $\frac{\Delta H}{\Delta G}$		
152.	Which	of the follo	owing wil	l not show cis-trans isomeri	ism?			
	1) CH	-CH = C	СН—СН		2) CH ₃ —CH ₂ —	CH=CH—CH ₂ CH ₃		
	3) CH	$C = CH$ CH_3	H—CH ₂ -	-CH ₃	4) CH ₃ —C—CH CH,	$H = CH - CH_2 - CH_3$		
153.		3		oounds, one that is most reac	-			
		zoic acid.		2) nitrobenzene.	3) toluene.	4) benzene.		
154.				constant of a base, BOH is lution of the base would be		centration of hydroxyl		
	1) 2.0	\times 10 ⁻⁶ mol	$1 L^{-1}$	2) $1.0 \times 10^{-5} mol L^{-1}$				
	(c) 1.0	× 10 ⁻⁶ mo	ol L^{-1}	(d) $1.0 \times 10^{-7} \text{mol L}^{-1}$				
155.		nthalpy ch for the pro	_	transition of liquid water to uld be:	o steam is 30 kJmol	at 27°C. The entropy		
	1) 1.0J	mol ⁻¹ K ⁻¹		2) $0.1 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$	3) 100 J mol ⁻¹ K	(-1 4) 10J mol ⁻¹ K ⁻¹		
156.	In which	ch electrop	hilic subs	stitution reaction slow step	is breaking of C—H	[bond?		
	1) Sulp	honation c	of benzen	e 2) Nitration of benzene				
	3) Chlo	orination of	fbenzene	4) All of these				
157.	Acetor	ne and etha	nol can be	e chemically distinguished	by:			
	(a) I_2/N	NaOH		(b) 2,4 DNP	3) Tollen's reager	nt 4) Both (a) and (b)		
158.	In which	ch of the fo	ollowing	reaction C—C bond forma	tion does not take pl	ace?		
	(1) Gat	termann-k	Koch reac	etion	(2) Étard reaction	1		
	(3) Ber	zoin cond	ensation		(4) Swarts reaction	(4) Swarts reaction		
159.	The va	lue of $_{\Delta}$ A	H and AS	S for the reaction,				
		(s)+ CO neous at:	$g_2(\mathbf{g}) \to 2$	2CO(g) are 170 kJ and 170	0 JK ⁻¹ , respectively	. This reaction will be		
	1) 710	K		2) 910 K	3) 1110 K	4) 510 K		
160.	The ex	perimenta	l data for	the reaction $2A + B_2$	→ 2AB			
	Exp.	[A]	[B]	Rate (Ms ⁻¹)				
	1.	0.50	0.50	1.6×10^{-4}				
	2.	0.50	1.00	3.2×10^{-4}				
	3.	1.00	1.00	3.2×10^{-4}				
	The rat	te equation	n for the a	bove data is:				
	1) rate	$= k[B_2]$		2) rate = $k[B_2]^2$	3) rate = $k[A]^2[E$	$[B]^2$ (c) rate = $k[A]^2[B]$		