# CENTRE FOR EDUCATIONAL DEVELOPMENT OF MINORITIES

### **OSMANIA UNIVERSITY**

Minority Welfare Department, Government of Telangana Nizam College Campus, Gunfoundry, Hyderabad – 500 001.

## TG TET - 2024 - II Free Coaching Programme

Marks / Questions: 150 MODEL TEST Duration: 2 Hours 30 Minutes

	PAPER - II MATHEMATICS & SCIENCE (ENGLISH MEDIUM)				
		CHILD DEVELOPMENT	T AND PEDAGOGY		
1.			the children with special needs (2) Interview Method (4) Case Study Method		
2.	A student of class VIII got habituated to stu- for (1) Both S–R and R–S conditioning theory (3) S–R conditioning theory		udy only to gain rewards. This is an example  (2) Operant conditioning theory  (4) R-S conditioning theory		
3.	The period of develor adult (1) adulthood	opment during which to (2) adolescence	he child is in dilemma (3) late childhood	a of being a child or an (4) early childhood	
4.	The following concert (1) Development	ot is the product of both (2) Growth	n maturation and learn (3) Personality	ing (4) Knowledge	
5.	Motor development is closely related with (1) Physical development (2) Mental development (3) Quantity development (4) Quality development				
6.	The following develo	opment stage is charact (2) Middle childhood	erized by friendship w (3) Early childhood	_	
7.	What the child learn attention and love. The (1) Freud	•	w parents gratify the (3) Erikson	child's need for food,  (4) Piaget	
8.	The development stayear (1) Infancy	ge whose period is fro (2) Early childhood	om the second week to	the end of the second (4) Babyhood	
9.	Cognitive process is mainly related to				

	<ul><li>(1) Knowledge</li><li>(4) Information proc</li></ul>	(2) Understanding essing	(3) Emotional devel	opment
10.	Assimilation + Acco	mmodation = ? (2) Knowledge	(3) Adoption	(4) Perception
11.	· · ·		(2) Formal operation (4) Concrete operation	_
12.	Kohlberg developed (1) Dilemmas	his theories based on (2) Schemas	(3) Discourses	(4) Dialogue
13.	The principles and parameters approach dev (1) Lectures on government and bindings (L (2) The synctactic structure (4) Citric on skinner			•
14.			be formed and changed through the use o ioning, operant conditioning and observationa  (2) Learning theory (4) Developmental theory	
15.	According to Roger stage of (1) self defence	the person who wants (2) self image	to achieve self actuali (3) congruence	zation, he must be in the (4) integrity
16.	Which of the follows (1) social	ing interests contribute (2) personal	to reduce the mental (3) intellectual	tensions (4) recreational
17.	According to Alfred Binet intelligence refe (1) good sense (2) superiority (4) problem solving ability		ers to (3) bravery	
18.	The word personality (1) Greek	y derived from word 'p (2) Latin	persona' (3) French	(4) Russian
19.	Which of the following is a disorder not cau (1) Genetics (3) Stress at working place		used by biological factors  (2) Chemical imbalance in the body  (4) Damage of CNC	
20.	Freud studies are bes (1) Introspection	st examples of (2) Observation	(3) Interview	(4) Case study
21.	Which of the follows (1) Associative learn (3) Sensitization	ing is not an example o	of non-associative lear (2) Habituation (4) None of these	ning

22. The child should be taught to listen initially and then to protect The underlying principle behind the approach is				speech, read and write.	
	(1) Law of effect	(2) Law of reading	(3) $\overline{\text{Law}}$ of exercise	(4) Law of insight	
23.	Gestalt which means (1) Greek word	total configuration is (2) Latin word	a (3) German word	(4) Russian word	
24.	In behaviourism a negative stimulus means (1) A gift (2) A punishment (3) A stimulus that affect negatively on the lecturer (4) Not having any stimulus				
25.	practise are				
	<ul><li>(1) students with mo</li><li>(3) student with spec</li></ul>	_	<ul><li>(2) student with less</li><li>(4) ordinary students</li></ul>	_	
26.	Who said that learnin (1) Pavlav	ng improves through c (2) Thorndike	ollective activities? (3) Skinner	(4) Vygotsky	
27.	Who suggested multiple text books to students? (1) Yashpall Committee (2) Ramamurthy Committee (3) NPE – 1986 (4) NCF – 2005			mmittee	
28.	Identify the correct among the following.  (1) Curriculum is more extensive than syllabus  (2) Curriculum is syllabus  (3) Lesson plan is syllabus  (4) Syllabus is extensive than any other				
29.	First step in teaching (1) Selecting the less (3) Selecting the stud	on	<ul><li>(2) Selecting the teac</li><li>(4) Selecting the teac</li></ul>	<b>O</b> 1	
30.	After negotiations and before taking decision (1) Reality must be taken into account (2) No need to take reality to take into account (3) There is no need to follow a method (4) There is no need to give opportunity				

#### LANGUAGE - I: URDU

31-36 دی گئی نظم پرھ کر سوالات کے جوابات دیجئے۔

فقیرانہ آئے صداکر چلے
میاں خوش رہو ہم دعاکر چلے
شفاا بنی نقدیر ہی میں نہ تھی
کہ مقد در تک تو دواکر چلے
وہ کیا چیز ہے ، اہ، جس کے لئے
ہراک چیز ہے دل اٹھاکر چلے
جبیں سجدہ کرتے ہی کرتے گئ
حق بندگی ہم اداکر چلے
کہیں کیا جو پوچھے کوئی ہم سے میر
جہاں میں تم آئے متھے کیا کر چلے

31. 'دعا'،' دوا' الفاظ كهلاتے ہيں۔

(1) رویف (2) قافیہ (3) مطلع

32. شاعر کی تقدیر میں کیانہیں؟

(1) دوا (2) دعا

33. جبیں کے معنی

(1) رُخ (2) گال (2) پیشانی (3) پیشانی

(4) مقطع

(4) ادا

34. میر نے کیسامزاج پایا؟ (1) امیرانہ (2) فقیرانہ (4) درویثانہ

35. شاعرنے حق بندگی کس طرح اداکیا؟ (1) صدادیتے ہوئے (2) دوادیتے ہوئے (3) سجدہ کرتے ہوئے (4) دعاکرتے ہوئے

36. 'جہاں میں تم آئے تھے کیا کر چلے' اس شعر کا مصرعہ ہے۔ (1) مطلع کا (2) شاہ بیت کا (3) حسن مطلع کا (4) مقطع کا

72-37 ت م گئے پیراگراف کوپڑھ کرسوالات کے جوابات دیجئے۔

غالب، ذق ، مومن آس پر آشوب دور کے شعراء ہیں جس میں ہنگامہ غدر نے رہی سہی شاہی بساط بھی اُلٹ کی تھی۔ ان شعر اک لفظ لفظ میں سوز و گداز اور حروف حروف میں در دمندانہ کیفیت موجود ہے۔ جو بات کہتے ہیں دل سے نکلی ہوئی ہے اور اثر میں ڈوبی ہوئی ہے۔ ان کا عشق سچاہے، ان کا معشوق حسن ہے، کوئی حسین نہیں۔ تعریف حسن کی ہے کسی حسین کی نہیں۔ غرض یہ کہ عشق و حسن کے ظاہر کی لوازمات پرین کی نظر نہیں ٹھر تی۔ دبلی کے شعر اء کے کلام میں داخلیت کا غلبہ بھر پور نظر آتا ہے۔ جذبات میں شدت اور روحانیت پائی جاتی ہے۔ زبان میں سادگی، متانت، اختصار، فارس ترکیبیں اور شگفتگی بھی پائی جاتی ہے۔ دبلی میں شاعر کی اپنی مصنوعی حیثیت سے ایسی بینادول پر کھڑی ہوتی ہے جو ہمیشہ لطف دینے والی، ہمیشہ قائم رہنے والی اور ایسی بینادول پر کھڑی ہوتی ہے جو ہمیشہ لطف دینے والی، ہمیشہ قائم رہنے والی اور اس دبستان دبلی میں ایسی کیفیت ہے جو ہمیشہ لطف دینے والی، ہمیشہ قائم رہنے والی اور اس دبستان دبلی میں داخلیت کا عضر زیادہ ہے۔ دبلی کا اس زمانے کا ماحول تعزل کے لئے بے حد موزوں تھا۔ دبلی کو پوری فضاء غزل کے نغموں سے گونج اٹھی اور اس دبستان شاعری میں داخلیت کا عضر زیادہ ہے۔

(4) مومن	(3) دبیر	(2) ٱتَّنْ	دبستان دہلی کے ایک شاعر (1) ناسخ	.37
(4) معنویت	(3) حبيت		دبستان د بلی میں اس بات کا عضر زیادہ (1) داخلیت	.38
(4) چو سر اور شطر نج کا کپڑ ایا تختہ	(3) وسعت	(2) انبساط	معنب 'بساط' کے لغوی می (1) وساطت	.39
- '	(2) انسانی زندگی کے ساتھ ہمیشہ وابت (4) وقت اور حالات کے ساتھ بدلنے	خہیں رہنے والی ا	دبستان دبلی کی شاعری معنوی حیثیت (1) انسانی زندگی کے ساتھ دیر پا قائم (3) غدر کے حالات پر ہی قائم رہنے	.40
(4) مثنوی	(3) مرثير		غدر کے حالات اور د ہلی کا زمانہ اس صن (1) قصیدہ	.41
(4) غنائی کیفیت	(3) درد مندانه کیفیت		دبستان دہلی سے وابستہ شعر اءکے کلام (1) عقیدت مندانہ کیفیت	.42
(4) فراق–سوزوساز	(3) حفیظ جالند هری – گل تر	(2) اختر الا يمان-يادين	صحیح جوڑ کی نشاند ہی کیجئے۔ (1) مخدوم-عہدوفا	.43
(4) ر ثبیب، گریز، آمد، چېره، سرایا	(3) تشبیب، سراپا،رجز	(2) تشبیب، گریز، مدح، چېره	قصیدے کے اجزائے ترکیبی ہیں۔ (1) تشبیب، گریز، مدح، مدعااور دعا	.44
رَثِي (4) چ <sup>ژ</sup> ن (4)	رة) زم (3) نو		شاعرانقلاب شاعر فطرت شاعر شباب (1) فراق	.45

(4) اسم جمع	(3) اسم آله		چاقو۔ ہتھوڑا۔ دانتی۔ کف گیر۔ چمچہ وغ (1) اسم کیفیت	.46
,	کی شرط تمنایائی جائے۔ -	سے پڑھ لیتاوہ ہے جس میں فعل کے ہونے '	,	.47
(4) ماضی مطلق	•	(2) ماضی شرطیه		•••
		-6	اس شعر میں کو نسی صنعت پائی جاتی ہے	.48
ر بر تامیر	(.)	• ,	صبح ہوتی ہے شام ہوتی ہے دیر ت	
<del>ي</del> (4)	(3) استعاره	(2) نضاد	(1) تثبيه	
•			"گھرسے نکلو جلدی جاؤ" اس جملے میں	.49
(4) حرف فجائيه	(3) حرف شخصیص	(2) حرف ربط	(1) حرف عطف	
		e:	سبق" دیاسلائی" ہے۔	.50
(4) قصيده	(3) انشائيه	(2) نظم	b3 (1)	
			حروف قمری کی نشاند ہی کیجئے میرین	.51
		چووه کهانیاں چرینځ ۱۹	(1) ڈاکر ذاکر حسین – (۵) شکست نیزیر	
		چراغ تلے غمار خاطر	(2) شوکت تھانوی – (3) سرسیداحمد خال –	
		موج تبسم	(4) مشاق احمد يو سفى -	
			حروف قمری کی نشاند ہی کیجئے۔	.52
(4) اب ج	(3) ط ظ ل ن	(2) س ش ص ض	(1) وڈرز	
			مثنوی"مرغ اور صیاد " کس نے شاعرا	.53
(4) علامه اقبال	(3) مرزاغالب	(2) ديا ثنگر نسيم	(1) عالی	
			شعری مجموعه "تراشیده" کس شاعر ہے	.54
(4) علامه اقبال	(3) مرزاغالب	(2) مخدوم محی الدین	(1) شاذ تمكنت	
	•	بالمثل كامفهوم سجحتاهو تواردو تدريس	'	.55
(4) اطلاق	ريم تفيم	(2) معلومات	(1) ترکیب	
			لنگوافون ہے۔	.56

#### LANGUAGE II ENGLISH

- 61. The boy laughed at the beggar. The passive form of it is:
  - (1) The beggar was laughed at by the boy
  - (2) The beggar was laughed by the boy
  - (3) The beggar was being laughed at by the boy
  - (4) The beggar was being laughed by the boy
- 62. It interests me. This sentence can be rewritten as:
  - (1) I am interested in it

(2) I have been interested in it

(3) I will be interested in it

- (4) I was interested in it
- 63. I said to him, "Why are you working so hard"?

It can be reported as

- (1) I asked him way he had been working so hard
- (2) I asked him why he was working so hard
- (3) I asked him why was he working so hard
- (4) I asked him why had he been working so hard

In his autobiography, he remembers his wife as an everyday heroine who epitomised selflessness and stood for the victory of mind over matter. He honoured this character of Indian women and dedicated a book, titled "Religion and Society" to them.

A dutiful teacher, a deeply spiritual thinker, an able policymaker, Radhakrishnan was every bit the visionary India needed. Nobel laureate C.V. Raman beautifully summed up his glorious life, "The frail body of Radhakrishnan enshrined a great spirit-a great spirit which we have learnt to revere and admire, even to worship"

64.	<ul><li>(1) Through freedom</li><li>(2) Through their wis</li><li>(3) Through their me</li></ul>		e	
65.	Mahatma Gandhi cal	led himself the(2) Lord Krishna	of Radhakr (3) Arjun	ishnan. (4) Friend
66.	Radhakrishnan remer (1) a mother (4) Indian woman	mbers his wife as(2) his inspiration	in his au (3) an everyday heroi	ntobiography. ne
67.	Name of the book written by Radhakrishnan that was dedicated to the selflessness of Indian women:  (1) Indian Women  (2) An Everyday Heroine  (3) Autobiography  (4) Religion and Society			
68.	According to Gandhi (1) his policies	ji, what made his and t (2) frail body	the people admire Radh (3) a great spirit	akrishnan ? (4) his vision
69.	Identify the complex sentence from the following (1) We read books but they watch T.V. (2) If you search for it in the school, you will get it. (3) You go there or they will not give you. (4) She is not only good in English but also good at Maths			
70.	He woke up to hear t Choose the right opti (1) clanging	he sound of bells i on to fil in the blank.  (2) banging	n the distance. (3) buzzing	(4) whistling
71.	Identify the phrase co (1) strong light	ontaining Noun + Noun (2) shed light	n. (3) a light source	(4) a ray of light
72.	John hates women. H	le is a (2) Polyglot	(3) Prodigy	(4) mercenary
73.	There's Use in compl Choose the correct an (1) a little	aining. They won't do nswer: (2) little	anything about it. (3) a few	(4) few
74.	,	hers, but he doesn't spenswer: (2) neither	eak to of them.  (3) both	(4) any
75.	What was in the box's Choose the correct as (1) you did think	nswer to complete the	sentence: (3) did you think that	(4) did you think

76.	I am annoyed	him	_ what he has done to	us.			
		Choose the correct answer to complete the sentence:					
	(1) with, for	(2) for, with		(4) for, from			
77.	-	thing carefully					
78.	He eats	banana every	morning.				
	(1) a	(2) the	(3) any	(4) an			
79.		is a meeting in our school					
	(1) do you	(2) don't you	(3) will you	(4) won't you			
80.	(1) What height is	ct question. grammatical s Mount Everest? ight is Mount Everest"	(2) How tail is Mount Everest?				
81.		et word to fill in the bland useful metal.  (2) an	k in the sentence. (3) the	(4) any			
82.	I like singing. In the above sente (1) a present parti (3) a past particip	ciple	<ul><li>(2) a gerund</li><li>(4) a model verb</li></ul>				
83.		nnesh, "Are you fine?" that can be used to chang (2) that	te this sentence into in (3) who	direct speech is: (4) when			
84.	Choose the correct (1) Does he reads (3) Won't you cor		<ul><li>(2) Are you read n</li><li>(4) Do you are a s</li></ul>				
85.	It's time you (1) went	to bed. go Choose t (2) will	the correct verb that fi (3) go	its the context. (4) had gone			
86.	The General Service List of English words (GSL) is associated with: (1) Bilingual method (2) Grammar translation method (3) Dr. West's new method (4) Direct method						
87.	The process of de (1) Test	etermining the changes in (2) Evaluation	behaviour through in (3) Measurement	nstruction is : (4) Assessment			
88.	Remedial teachin	g is					

		achievement is expect y specific and need ba	•	
89.	Listening to public sy (1) Focused listening (3) Appreciative liste	<u>,                                     </u>	<ul><li>(2) Gist listening</li><li>(4) Casual listening</li></ul>	
90.	One of the following (1) Jacket	helps us to get a bird' (2) Front page	s eye view of the book (3) Blurb	Identify it. (4) The preface
		MATHEMATICS A	AND SCIENCE	
91.	The perimeter of a set (1) 7	emicircle is 36 cm, its (2) 22	diameter (in cms) is (3) 14	(4) 35
92.	If $\frac{b}{a} = 2$ , $\frac{c}{b} = 3$ , then $(1) \frac{3}{4}$	in the value of $\frac{a+b}{b+c}$ is		
	$(1) \frac{3}{4}$	(2) $\frac{2}{3}$	(3) $\frac{3}{8}$	(4) $\frac{3}{2}$
93.	The value of $\sqrt{1.44}$ × (1) 3.9	6.25×1.69 is (2) 9.3	(3) 6.3	(4) 3.6
94.	In a $\triangle ABC$ , if $\angle A = (1) 15^{\circ}$	90° and $\angle B = 2\angle C$ , (2) 30°	the $\angle C$ is (3) 45°	(4) 90°
95.	The vertices of a $\Delta A$ median through verte		and (1, -4) respectivel	y, then the length of the
	(1) $\sqrt{29}$	(2) 6	$(3) \sqrt{10}$	(4) 5
96.			n by travelling at a spe s at a speed of 80 km/h	eed of 45 km/h, then the is
	(1) $3\frac{1}{8}$	(2) $3\frac{7}{8}$	$(3) \ 3\frac{3}{8}$	(4) $3\frac{5}{8}$
97.	•		ch one another, then th	e area (in sq cm) formed
	between them is (tak	$e \pi = \frac{22}{7}$ )		
	(1) 84	(2) 168	(3) 315	(4) 157.5
98.		of the dice as a prime	numbers is	sum of the two numbers
	$(1) \frac{7}{36}$	(2) $\frac{2}{9}$	$(3) \frac{5}{12}$	$(4) \frac{5}{36}$

99. If $\sec A + \tan A = x(0^{\circ} \le A \le 90^{\circ})$ then the value of $\sin A$ is					
	$(1) \frac{1 - x^2}{1 + x^2}$	$(2) \frac{1+x^2}{1-x^2}$	$(3) \ \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 + 1}$	$(4) \ \frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2 - 1}$	
100.	$(81)^{-1} \times 3^{-5} \times 3^{9} \times (64)$	$\frac{5}{6} \times \left(\sqrt[3]{3}\right)^6 =$			
	(1) $2^5 \times 3^2$	$(2) \ 2^{-2} \times 3^{-2}$	$(3) \ 3^{-18} \times 2^5 \times 3^2$	$(4) \ 3^{18} \times 2^5 \times 3^2$	
101.	When measurements constructed is	of two diagonals ar	e given, then the qu	adrilateral that can be	
	(1) Trapezium	(2) Rhombus	(3) Rectangle	(4) parallelogram	
102.	Choose the shape have (1) rectangle	ring unlimited number (2) square	of lines of symmetry (3) isosceles triangle	(4) circle	
103.	Let A and B be any two sets, then which of to (1) $A - (A \cap B) = A - B$		the following is false (2) $(A-B) \cup (A \cap B)$	)=A	
	$(3) (A-B) \cap (B-A) = \emptyset $ (4) $(A-B) \cup A = B$				
104.	The angle of elevation of the top of a building form the foot of a tower is 30° and the angle of elevation of the top of the tower from the foot of the building is 60°. If the tower is 50 meters high then the height of the building in meters is				
	(1) 50	(2) $\frac{50}{3}$	$(3) 50\sqrt{3}$	(4) $\frac{50}{\sqrt{3}}$	
105.	If the linear equation then $a+b+c=$	3x + by + c = 0  and  ax	x - 2y + 12 = 0 represen	nt the same straight line	
	(1) 5	(2) 13	(3) –13	(4) 12	
106.	radius 8 cm and $AC =$	= 17 cm, then $AP + AQ$	=	sircle with centre C and	
	(1) 15 cm	(2) 25 cm	(3) 30 cm	(4) 36 cm	
107.	A hemisphere and a contheir curved surfaces	will be	_	o equal then the ratio of	
	(1) 2 : 1	(2) 3:1	(3) $\sqrt{2}:1$	(4) $\sqrt{3}:1$	
108.	A sum of Rs.12,500 a of interest is	amounts to Rs.15,500 i	in 4 years at the rate of	Simple interest the rate	
	(1) 6%	(2) 5%	(3) 4%	(4) 3%	
109.	If $AD$ , $BE$ are median $CF : AC =$	as of $\triangle ABC$ and $F$ is a	point on AC such that	DF parallel to BE then	
	(1) 1 : 2	(2) 1 : 4	(3) 2 : 3	(4) 3 : 4	

110.	The sum of integers 1 (1) 1162	between 80 and 150 wi (2) 1100	hich are divisible by 7 (3) 1172	is (4) 1421	
111.	If one of the exterior angles of a triangle 105° and the interior opposite angles are in the ratio 2:5 then the angles of triangle are				
	(1) 30°, 75°, 75°	(2) 150°, 50°, 30°	(3) 60°, 45°, 75°	(4) 50°, 55°, 75°	
112.	A room of dimension 2m, then its area in <i>n</i>	2	andah all around it. If t	he width of varandah is	
	(1) 30	(2) 68	(3) 40	(4) 18	
113.	In $\triangle ABC$ , if $DE \parallel B$	C and $\frac{AD}{DB} = \frac{3}{5}$ , $AC =$	5.6 cms, then AE (in case)	ms) is	
	(1) 2.1	(2) 2.3	(3) 16.8	(4) 3.4	
114.	[124 - {(48 ÷ 6 + 4 > (1) 368	(3-2-6)}] (2) 98	(3) 112	(4) 122	
115.	The author of 'panch (1) Aryabhatta		(3) Bhaskara charya	(4) Brahma Gupta	
116.					
	content analysis is (1) teaching learning (3) competencies to be	activities be achieved	<ul><li>(2) teaching learning</li><li>(4) evaluation</li></ul>	material	
117.			acteristics of a rectang	le by using a geometric	
	box the teaching met (1) problem solving a (3) project method	-	<ul><li>(2) play way method</li><li>(4) Heuristic method</li></ul>		
118.	It is conducted to ide	ntify the talented stude	ents in mathematics		
	<ul><li>(1) Mathematics club</li><li>(3) mathematics libra</li></ul>		<ul><li>(2) mathematics Olyn</li><li>(4) Mathematics lebo</li></ul>	-	
119.	Which of the following (1) discourse (3) abstraction	ng is not the nature of (2) inductive and dec (4) accuracy			
120.	Which teaching meth	nod is useful for verific	eation of principles?		
	<ul><li>(1) activity based me</li><li>(3) synthetic method</li></ul>		<ul><li>(2) inductive method</li><li>(4) deductive method</li></ul>		
121.	Smoke emitting out to (1) SO <sub>2</sub>	from vehicles does not (2) CO <sub>2</sub>	contain (3) CO	(4) N <sub>2</sub> O	
122.	Unit of acceleration in (1) m/sec	is $(2) \text{ m/sec}^2$	(3) m-sec	$(4) \text{ m-sec}^2$	

123.	123. If an object is placed in front of concave mirror at less than the focal length distan image formed will be			
	(1) real, diminished, i (3) real, enlarged, inv		<ul><li>(2) virtual, enlarged, i</li><li>(4) virtual, diminished</li></ul>	
124.	Reason for formation (1) optical illusion	of mirage (2) refraction	(3) total internal refle	ction (4) reflection
125.	20 decibel sound is he (1) 2 times	ow much more than 10 (2) 4 times	decibel sound (3) 10 times	(4) 100 times
126.	Volume of 71 gram o (1) 22.4 lit	f chlorine gas is (2) 44.8 lit	(3) 11.2 lit	(4) 33.6 lit
127.	Bond energy of C-C (1) 60 kcal	(2) 70 kcal	(3) 80 kcal	(4) 90 kcal
128.	Burning in absence of (1) Roasting	f air is called (2) melting	(3) calcination	(4) combustion
129.	Electron enters first in (1) 4s	n which object (2) 3p	(3) 2d	(4) 2f
130.	Equivalent resistance $8\Omega  4\Omega$	in the circuit is		
	$\overrightarrow{A}$ $6\Omega$	B		
	$(1) \frac{1}{2}$	(2) $\frac{1}{3}$	$(3) \frac{1}{4}$	$(4) \frac{1}{6}$
131.	I. ph value of w is 7 II. ph value of v is 6 III. ph value of y is 3 IV. ph value of z is 9	ubstances is given belo		
	(1) x	(2) y	(3) <i>w</i>	(4) z
132.		ng factors does not effect (2) orbital penetration	2.	(4) atomic radius
133.	Choose the correct pair of short term crops (1) Jowar-green gram (3) Black gram- red gram		(2) Green gram- black (4) Red gram- toward	_
134.	The correct food chai (1) Insects → plants → (2) Rabbit → plants →	rabbit →deer		

	(3) Carrot →rabbit→ (4) Small insects →fr	cow→ tiger rog→ snake→ Peacocl	k	
135.	When plants are grow (1) gibberellins	vn in shade they tend to (2) auxins	o band towards light ar (3) cytokinins	nd grow this is due to (4) abscisic acid
136.	Number of parts that the stamen and the pis (1) Stamen - 3 pistil -4 (3) Stamen-2 pistil -3		til in datura flower has. (2) stamen –4 pistil-2 (4) Stamen- 5 pistil -1	
137.	To get honey dew ant (1) Aphids	s keep a type of insect (2) honey bees	called (3) soldier	(4) drones
138.	The joint between the (1) hinge joint (4) ball and socket joint	upper jaw and the res (2) fixed joint ant	t of the head is (3) pivot joint	
139.	9. One of the following is not the sites of taste sensation (1) Fungiform papillae (2) circumvallate papilla (3) foliate papillae (4) filiform papillae			illa
140.	The Kingdom that wa (1) Monera	as not proposed in Cop (2) plante	oland's classification of (3) fungi.	f life forms is (4) animalia
141.	Fishes lay eggs in this part of the pond (1) Sponsor face (2) above the pond surface (3) pond margin (4) bottom of the pond			
142.	Lichens are the colon (1) Bacteria and fung		(3) Virus and algae	(4) Bacteria and virus
143.	HIV is spread through i) Blood (1) I and II.	ii) toilets	iii) mosquitoes (3) I and iv.	iv) semen (4) iii and iv
144.	Choose the correct pa (1) Skeletal muscles - (3) cardiac muscles-	non striated muscles	<ul><li>(2) smooth muscles -non striated muscles</li><li>(4) voluntary muscles- non striated muscles</li></ul>	
145.	Formative evaluation is done (1) before starting the instructions (3) after the completion of term		<ul><li>(2) during the process of instruction</li><li>(4) before admission into a course</li></ul>	
146.	The scientist who dise (1) Benjamin Franklin (3) Andre ampere	covered that lightening	ng consists electricity (2) Galvani (4) George ohm	
147.	The component of cu	rriculum which empha	sises on" why do we to	each"

(1) Objective(2) learning experiences(3) TLM D.(4) teaching approach

148. The common size of letters on the chart used by the teachers in the classroom should be (in cm)

(1) 1 to 3

(2) 2 to 4

(3) 3 to 4

(4) 5 to 10

149. John Dewey' sparagramatism is the basis for the following method.

(1) discussion method

(2) project method

(3) lecture demonstration method

(4) lecture method

150. Accuracy and efficiency of a test can be brought out by this characteristic features

(1) Reliability

(2) comprehensiveness

(3) validity

(4) interpretability

