CENTRE FOR EDUCATIONAL DEVELOPMENT OF MINORITIES OSMANIA UNIVERSITY

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TET – 2023 Free Coaching Programme

MODEL TEST Paper - I (English Medium) Time: 2 hours 30 minutes Max. Marks: 150 Part – I: Child Development and Pedagogy 1. Developmental psychology is the intra-individual changes during (1) Adolescence (2) Adulthood (3) Childhood (4) Lifespan 2. STD is the abbreviation of (1) Subscribers Trunk Dialing (2) Severely Treated Disease (3) Sexually Transmitted Disease (4) Supreme Tree Disorder 3. Perceptual process includes (1) Sensation (3) Interpretation (2) Attention (4) All the above 4. In motivation cycle the ultimate state is (1) Drive state (3) Obstacles (2) Goal (4) Frustration 5. Which of the following statement is not in accordance with the components of learning? (1) Learning is a change in potential behaviour (2) Learning is a sudden and desired change in behaviour (3) Learning is a sum total of changes which are relatively (4) Learning has no link with behavioral change 6. Which of the following is not the principle of development? (1) there are individual differences in development (2) Development is the result of coincidences (3) It is continuous process (4) It is predictable 7. In which stage of life the physical growth is rapid? (1) Early childhood (2) Adolescence (3) Infancy (4) School age 8. is not a characteristic of early childhood. (1) Pre-gang age (2) Imitative age (3) Questioning age (4) Play age 9. Which of the following statement is/are correct regarding emotional/social development

and fear

i) Between ages 2 and 6 months infants express feelings such as anger, sadness, surprise

	,	*	n any way until the age of tionally rocky time between	of 1 year. Veen the ages of 15 to 18
	(1) II and III	(2) I and II	(3) I, II and III	(4) I and III
10.	(1) Sensory motor	r stage	age of cognitive develop (2) Formal operati	onal stage
	(3) Pre-operationa	al stage	(4) Concrete opera	ational stage
11.	Pre-operational st	age in Jean Piaget's T	Theory of cognitive deve	elopment characterizes
	(1) Centration in (3) Ability to cons	thought serve and seriate object	(2) Hypothetic deceptors (4) Development of	ductive thinking of abstract thinking
12.	Sunita asks her son to complete a chore around the house, he asks sunita, what the benefit would be to him. As per Kowberg the son is lying at which stage of development? (1) Obedience and punishment (2) Maintaining the social orientation order (3) Individualism and exchange (4) Social contract and individual rights			
13.	•	ce (LAD) that he/she u	s that every child has an uses for: (2) Phonemes (4) Complex word	0 0
14.	Becoming a fully (1) Carl roger	functioning person is (2) Carl Jung	the concept put forward (3) Abraham Masi	•
15.				le Confusion
16.	Which of the following statement is wrong in the context of personality? (1) Personality is unique and specific (2) Personality is a joint product of heredity and environment (3) Personality spreads over the sub-conscious and unconscious behaviour of the person (4) Personality is limited only to the appearance of a person			
17.	Changes in Raju t (1) Physiological	that brings qualitative (2) Development	changes in function or cal (3) Physical	character are (4) Cultural
18.	According to skin (1) Respondent be (3) Modified beha	ehaviour	oe of conditioning applie (2) Operant behav (4) None of the ab	iour
19.	The theory which (1) Classical cond (3) Stimulus response	•	ory of reinforcement? (2) Operant condit (4) Theory of insig	

20.	Who proposed the (1) Thorndike	insightful theory of (2) Gardener	learning? (3) Kohler	(4) Skinner
21.	The father of Mode (1) E.L. Thorndike (3) Lev Vygotsky	ern Learning Theory	v is: (2) B.F. Skinner (4) Ivan Petrovi	
22.	Albert Bandura is a (1) Social learning (3) Cognitive theor	theory	ch of the following? (2) Behavioural (4) Psycho-soci	theory al theory of development
23.	Which of the follow (1) Ivan P. Pavlav (3) Jean Piaget	wing Psychologist d	lefine the moral develo (2) Mc. Dougal (4) None of the	ĺ
24.	Good health and w (1) Esteem needs (3) Social needs	ell-being is part of v	which stage of the hier (2) Safety needs (4) Self actualiz	S
25.	(1) the stages in structure certain subjects(2) Social and emotheir peers.(3) Deficiencies in	idents development tional growth can in students lives can in	might determine their	
26.	"The behaviour wh (1) Law of reading (3) Law of multiple	SS	d to be repeated". This (2) Law of exer (4) Law of effec	cise
27.		ervation	or of children, animals (2) Controlled of (4) Non-particip	
28.	(1) Exploration →S (2) Exploration→S (3) Subject explana	ubject explanation- tion→Assimilation	method. →Assimilation→Reci →Assimilation→Organ →Exploration→Recit explanation→Assimil	nization→Recitation ation→Organization
29.	Identify "?" in the (1) Knowledge (2) Skill (3) Habits (4) Desire	Ven diagram related	d to knowledge, skill, o	desire and habits?
30.	The IQ of 16 year (1) 60	old boy whose ment (2) 64	tal age is 12 year will to (3) 70	e(4) 75

Part II : Hindi (Language – I)

31-35 निम्न लिखित गद्यांश पढ़िए और पूछे गये प्रश्नों के सही उत्तर पहचानिए।

संत कबीर हिंदी साहित्य के श्रेष्ठ किव थे। वे निरक्षर थे पर उनका ज्ञान किसी विद्वाल से कम नहीं था। वे मस्त्मौला, फक्कड़ और लापरवाह फ़कीर थे। उन्हें न तो तत्कालीन शासकों का कोई भय था और न ही धार्मिक सम्प्रदायों का।

कबीर की प्रामाणिक रचना 'बीजक'है, जिसमेंतीनभागसाखी, सबदऔररमैनी।इनमेंकुछरचनाएँगुरुग्रंथ साहबमेंभीसकलितहै।

कबीरनिर्गुणीथे।उनकामाननाथाकिईश्वरविश्वकेकण-कणमेंविद्यमानहै।उसेकहींबाहरढूंढ़नेकीआवश्यकतानहींहैक्यों कि वह सदाहमारेसाथहै।कबीरनेगुरुकोपरमात्मासेभीअधिकमहत्वदिय़ाहै।वेहिंदू-मुसलमानोंमेंएकतास्थापितकरनाचाहतेथे।इन्होंनेजाति-पातिऔरवर्ग-भेदकाविरोधिकया।

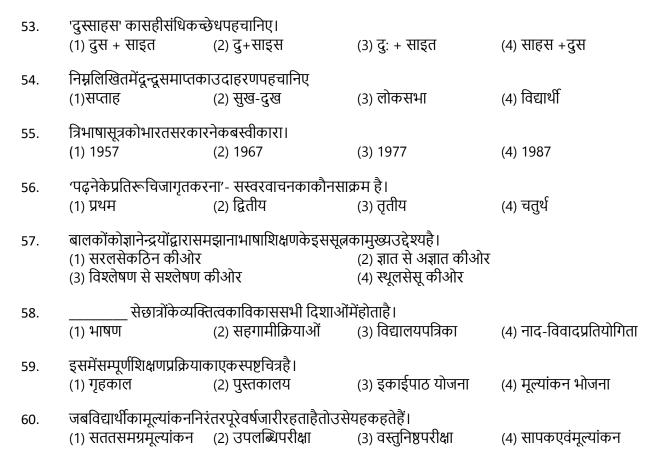
कबीरकीभाषामेंअवधी, ब्रज, खड़ीबोली, फ़ारसी, अरबीपंजाबीआदिभाषाओंकेशब्दमिलतेहैंइसलिएइनकीभाषाकोखिचड़ीभाशा भी कहतेहैं।

31.	कबीरइनसेनहींडरतेथे। (1) विद्वान	(2) যামক	(3) फ़कीर	(4) कवि	
32.	कबीरकीकुछरचनाएँइसग्रं१ (1) बीजक	भमेंहैं – (2) साखी	(3) रमैनी	(4) गुरुग्रंथसाहब	
33.	कबीरकेअनुसारईश्वरयहाँर (1) मंदिरमें	हताहै (2) बाहर	(3) हरजगह	(4) कहींनहीं	
34.	कबीरकीभाषाकोखिचड़ीक (1) भाषाबहुतकठिनथी (3) इनकीभाषाहिंदीहै	योंकहतेहैं?	(2) इनकीभाषामेंअनेकभाष (4)वे श्रेष्ठ कविथे।	प्राओंकेशब्दहै।	
35.	निम्नलिखितमेंसेएकविशेषत (1) कबीरनेपरमात्माकोगुरु (3) जाति-पातिकाविरोधकि	महानमाना।	(2) धार्मिकसम्प्रदायोंसेनहीं (4) हिंदू-मुसलमानोंमेंएकत		
36-4०- निम्नलिखितपद्यांश पढ़िएऔरपूछेगयेप्रश्नोंकेसहीउत्तरपहचानिए					

'माँ' धरतीकासौरभ, इसजगतीकीगौरवगाथा, "माँ" जिसकेआगेझुकजाये, देवोंकातककामाथा जिसकेमनमेंसदास्नेहकामहासिन्धुलहराता, सूखेजलिध, स्रोतजिसकीममताकासूखनपाता; सब से पहला'शब्द' आदमीजिससेसीखेबोली किसीतराजूपरभी'माँ' कीमहिमाजायेनतोलि। जीवनकावरदानमिलाहै, माँसेहरप्राणीको। इससेमीठाशब्दनअबतकमिलाकिसीवाणीको। त्यागऔरतपकीमूरत "माँ"इसपरबलिबलिजाओ, नितउठचरणपखारोमाँक, नितइसकेगुणगाओ।

36.	पद्यांशकिसकेसंबंधमेंहै?			
	(1) माँ	(3) धरती	(3) सौरभ	(4) जगह

37.	कविकेअनुसारक्यानहींसूर (1) स्नेहकामाहासिन्धु		(5) ममताकास्रोत	(4) मन
38.	कविनेसब सेमीठा शब्द वि (1) देव	क्रेसेमानाहै? (2) ममता	(3) महिमा	(4) माँ
39.	माँ के बारेमेंकविकाकथन (1) माँकीतबस्याकरो	है (2) माँकेचरण धो	(3) माकीसेवाकरो	(4) माँकोमतभूलो
40.	माँ कोजगतका (1) सौरभ	क्रहागयाहै। (2) ममता	(3) गौरव	(4) गाथा
41.	इसरास्तेपरलोगआते-जाते (1) पूर्वकालिक	रहतेहैं। (इसवाक्यमेंयहक्रिय (2) प्रेरणार्थक	ाहै। (3) सकर्मक	(4) संयुक्त
42.	लड़कोंसेलिखानहींजाता। (1) भाव वाच्या	(वाक्यमेंयहवाच्यहै। (2) कर्म वाच्या	(3) कर्तृ वाच्या	(4) कर्मऔरभाव
43.	यदिपरिश्रमकरतेतोपरीक्षा (1)संदेहार्थक	मेंउत्तीर्णहोते। (अर्थकीदृष्टिसे (2) संकेतार्थक	यहवाक्यहै) (3) इच्छार्थक	(4) विधानार्थक
44.	देशभरमेंस्वतन्त्रतादिवसध् (1) मनायीगयी	[म-धामसे (2) मनायेगये	(3) मनायागया	(4) मनानीचाहिए
45.	गलतमेलपहुंचालिए। (1) संज्ञा—मित्रता (3) विशेषण—बहुत		(2) सर्वनाम–कौन (4) क्रिया–गीत	
46.	दिनमेंकामऔररातमेंआरा (1) दिन	मकरनाचाहिए।यहस्तीलिंगश (2) काम	ाब्द है। (3) रात	(4) आराम
47.	मैं <u>कभी-कभी</u> पुरानेदोस्तोंस् (रेखांकितशब्दमेंयहचिह्नहै (1) कोष्ठक		(3) योजकचिह्न	(4) उपविराम
48.	मैंफोनकेद्वारासंदेशभेजदूं रेखांकितशब्दमेंयहकारक (1) करण		(3) कर्म	(4) कर्ता
49.	'फूठीआँखोंनदेखसकना" (1) द्रष्टिकमहोना	मुहावरेकाभावहै (2) ईर्ष्याकरना	(3) वैर-भावरखना	(4) स्नेहरखना
50.	यहरामनरेशत्रिपाठीकीरच (1) सुंदरभारत	नाहै। (2)बरसतेबादल	(3) कन्यादान	(4) अन्वेषण
51.	येमहाप्राणव्यंजनहैं। (1) श, ष, स, ह	(2) क, च, ट, त	(3) गजदब	(4) अ ञ नम
52.	घरमेंमेहमानआयेहैं। (कार (1) पूर्णवर्तमानकाल	तपहचानिए) (2) आसन्नभूतकाल	(3) सामान्यवर्तमानकाल	(४) सामान्यभविष्यकाल



Part III: English (Language II)

Passage: Read the passage and answer the questions.

Marketing refers to any activities that a company uses to promote its products and services and improve its marketshare. In order to be successful, marketing requires a combination of advertising savvy, sales, and the ability to deliver goods to end-users. This is normally undertaken by specific professionals or marketers who can work internally (for companies) or externally with other marketing firms.

Traditionally, corporations focused on marketing through print, television, and radio. Although these options still exist today, the rise of the internet led to a shift in the way companies reached consumers. That's where digital marketing came into play. This form of marketing involves the use of websites, social media, searchengines, apps—anything that incorporates marketing with customer feedback or a two-way interaction between the company and customer.

Increased technology and newer trends forced companies to change the way they marketed themselves. Email was a popular marketing tool in the early days of digital marketing. That focus shifted to search engines like Netscape, which allowed businesses to tag and keyword stuff to get themselves noticed. The development of sharing sites like Facebook made it possible for companies to track data to cater to consumer trends.

Smartphones and other digital devices are now making it easier for companies to market themselves along with their products and services to consumers. Studies show that people prefer using their phones to log on to the internet. So it should come as no surprise that 70% of

purch	ase button.				
61.	What made the companies change their marketing strategies? (1) increased population and newer requirements (2) decreased technology and older trends (3) increased technology and newer trends (4) stable technology and traditional trends				
62.	What is the meaning of the word 'savvy' as per the passage? (1) disinterest for information (2) less knowledge (3) Interest to know (4) no need of knowing the information				
63.	What allowed businesses to tag to get noticed, as per the passage? (1) emails allowed to businesses to tag (2) smartphones used to be the source of business (3) newspapers were another source for business (4) search engines like Netscape				
64.	What made it possible for companies to track data to cater to consumer trends (1) the decrease in the production of crude oil (2) the increase in the production of unnecessary products (3) the fall in the demand for the electronics (4)The development of sharing sites like Facebook				
65.	What requires marketing to be successful, as per the passage? (1) big investment, big number of stake holders (2) a combination of advertising savvy, sales, and the ability to deliver goods to endusers (3) a large space for the establishment of the company (4) a large network of customers				
6-10		ge contains numbere iose given against eac		correct option for each	
king i	immediately gathered ry from defeat. He ne	a large army. But he eded a hero to lead h	that it was	neighbor. The not enough to save his he find such a brave ce.	
66.	(1)called	(2) announced	(3) broke out	(4) stepped	
67.	(1)stronger	(2) enemy	(3) stranger	(4) cordial	
68.	(1) ordered	(2) borrowed	(3) defeated	(4) realized	
69.	(1)may	(2) could	(3) should	(4) need	
70.	(1)single	(2) separately	(3) responsibly	(4) together	

individuals make buying decisions (usually on their phones) before they actually hit the

He said to aspirants, "You need to spend some time for practice". The correct reported

71.

speech for the given statement is

	(3) He suggested aspir	spend time all to think of some tin trants to practice with the spend some time	time frame	
72.	±	l to the letter	_	
73.	Identify the finite cla (1) Born in a poor far (3) she acted in a sho	nily	(2) being a politician(4) hailing from a ari	
74.	I wish to change the of This sentence can me (1) he wanted to char (2) he was told to ch (3) he is planning to (4) he had already ch	an nge the vehicle in the pange the vehicle change his vehicle	past	
75.		ion tag for the sentence international motivati (2) does he		_? (4) doesn't he
76.	word substitute	years of age is given s (2) senior citizen	•	ne government,has a one (4) zero aged
77.	The people of the nar phrasal verb (1) gave second chan (3) did not participate	ce	the century old party,the (2) defeated (4) sold their votes	he meaning of the given
78.	Teaching in the priva	te school is the 'bread (2) main livelihood		(4) last option
79.	The Chief Minister foreign phrase is (1) elected by the MI country (3) promoted by the	.Cs	•	ices,the meaning of the the President of the er office
80.	In the word 'honorary (1) o is silent	(2) h is pronounced	(3) h is silent	(4) h is stressed
81.	I want to start my underlined. (1) see up	own recording stud (2) show up	io. Select the correc(3) set in	t phrasal verb for the
82.	-	elause from the given.	(<i>5)</i> 500 m	(1) see up

	(1) copiers will be punished(3) coping must be avoided		(2) those who copy will be punished(4) write the exam honestly		
83.	Reading comprehension is an example of (1) developing writing skill (3) purely to test grammar		(2) only for vocabula (4) skimming	ry	
84.	•	ever help (iii) / a single oning subject in this ki (2) official ii) only d	. , ,	life (v) Identify the part (4) letter to editor iv) b and d	
85.	Dictionary skills is as (1) speaking skills	n example of this (2) study skills	(3) listening skills	(4) writing skills	
86.	Phonetic transcription (1) note taking	n is an example of (2) note making	(3) handwriting	(4) oral skills	
87.	A good test must distinguish between (1) a good and poor students (3) average students		(2) only good students(4) extraordinary students		
88.	Syllabus designing is (1) material based	categorized into conto (2) skill- based	ent-based,method based (3) location based	d and (4) person based	
89.	Group discussion is a part of this method (1) grammar translation (3) structural		(2) reading(4) communicative		
90.	Listening is a (1) productive skill	(2) simpler skill	(3) receptive skill	(4) oral skill	
		Part IV(a) : Mathe	matics Content		
91.	If $\frac{2}{5}$ of a number exc	ceeds $\frac{1}{7}$ of the same n	umber by 36. Then the	number is	
	(1) 160	(2) 140	(3) 120	(4) 180	
92.	The pythogorean trip (1) (10, 24, 26)	let among the followin (2) (8, 16, 17)	ng is (3) (5, 6, 7)	(4) (4, 5, 6)	
93.	numbers are			is 132. Then the two	
	(1) 56, 62	(2) 48, 50	(3) 60, 72	(4) 84, 92	
94.	The printed price of a (1) ₹132	a book is ₹150 and dis- (2) ₹127.50	count is 15%. The actual (3) ₹124.75	al amount to be paid is (4) ₹128.50	
95.	30% of 40 is (1) 22	(2) 7	(3) 12	(4) 48	
96.	The compound interes	est on Rs.5000/- at 8%	for 2 years compounded	ed annually is	

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	(1) Rs.800	(2) Rs.825	(3) Rs.832	(4) Rs.850	
97.	A proper fraction am	ong the following			
	(1) $2\frac{1}{2}$	(2) $\frac{7}{5}$	$(3) \frac{3}{4}$	(4) $3\frac{1}{3}$	
98.	The period of $1.\overline{25}$ is (1) 25	(2) 125	(3) 2	(4) 3	
99.	The smallest prime n (1) 1	umber is (2) 0	(3) 2	(4) 3	
100.	If the LCM and HCF (1) 120	of two numbers 15, 24 (2) 45	are x and y respective (3) 72	ely then <i>xy</i> is (4) 360	
101.	If a person buys an ar (1) Rs.689	rticle for Rs.650 and ga (2) Rs.669	nins 6% on selling it, th	nen the selling price is (4) Rs.524	
102.	If x is inversely propo	ortional to y then which	n of the following is tru	ie	
	$(1) \frac{x}{y} = k$	(2) xy = k	(3) x + y = k	(4) None	
103.	6 pipes fill a tank in 1 (1) 100 min	120 minutes, then 5 pip (2) 100 secs	pes will fill it in (3) 144 min	(4) 144 secs	
104.	If $\left(\frac{4}{11}\right)^{x-11} = \left(\frac{11}{4}\right)^{x-5}$	then x is equal to			
	(1) 8	(2) 6	(3)-1	(4) 2	
105.	The length of a recta Then the length is	ngular park is 17m mo	ore than the breadth. I	f its perimeter is 178m.	
	(1) 53	(2) 36	(3) 17	(4) 49	
106.	Factorization of a^2 + (1) $(a+b)(a+c)$	bc + ab + ac is (2) $(a+b)(b+c)$	(3) $(b+c)(c+a)$	$(4) \ a(a+b+c)$	
107	, , , ,	, , ,	, , , ,	,	
107.		aki's father is three times. Then the present age		5 years the sum of their	
	(1) 5 years	(2) 10 years	(3) 15 years	(4) 20 years	
108.	Distance travelled by (1) 8 km	a person in 20 seconds (2) 6 km	s at the rate of 300 m/s (3) 4 km	ec is (4) 2 km	
109.	Which of the following is not a characteristic of objectives? (1) They help to score good marks (2) They provide direction to the activities (3) The provide basis for organizing teaching learning activities (4) They help for the planned change				

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110.	The world of knowled (1) cognitive domain these	dge includes (2) Affective domain	(3) Psychomotor dom	nain (4) All o	f
111.	The most important so (1) Association	tep in the process of lea (2) Generalisation	sson planning is (3) Application	(4) Presentation	
112.	The tool / technique v (1) Aptitude tests	which could be used in (2) Interview	diagnostic evolution is (3) Sociometry	s (4) Pupil products	
113.	The curriculum which (1) Idealistic curriculu	n is developed accordinum	ng to utility and needs (2) Naturalistic curric		
	(3) Realistic curriculu	ım	(4) Pragmatistic curri	culum	
114.	If 16, 20, <i>x</i> , 35 are in (1) 22	proportion then x is (2) 24	(3) 26	(4) 28	
115.	A diameter of a circle (1) thrice	the rac (2) twice	dius of the circle (3) four times	(4) equal to	
116.	In the given figure, $\angle A$ X A X A A A A	y 121°			
	(1) 50°	(2) 76°	(3) 56°	(4) 66°	
117.	A quadrilateral with 6 (1) Trapezium	exactly one pair of para (2) Rectangle	allel sides is called a (3) Parallelogram	(4) Square	
118.	The median of the date (1) 25	ta 24, 65, 85, 12, 35 is (2) 44	(3) 35	(4) 52	
119.	The degree of $3x^2 - 5$ (1) 5	$x^{2} + 7x^{3} - 6x^{5}$ is (2) 3	(3) 2	(4) -6	
120.	If side is 6 cm then to (1) 216	tal surface area of a cu (2) 260	be in sq. cm. is (3) 460	(4) none	
	Par	t V(a) : Environment	al Studies - Content		
	27 1 2 11 2				

- 121.
- Nuclear family refers to
 (1) Any family born after 1950
 (2) Family includes parents and their children

	(3) Entire family incl(4) Only husband and	uding children, their p I wife	parents and grandpare	nts
122.	Maximum amount of (1) Oxygen	gas found in air is (2) Carbon dioxide	(3) Hydrogen	(4) Nitrogen
123.	Tobacco addiction is (1) Cocaine	caused due to (2) Caffeine	(3) Nicotine	(4) Histamine
124.	Ozone layer is found (1) Thermosphere	in (2) Stratosphere	(3) Troposphere	(4) Mesosphere
125.	Full form of CNG is (1) Common National Gas (3) Common Natural Gas		(2) Compressed Natural Gas(4) Cirtified Natural Gas	
126.	Renewable source of (1) Coal	energy is (2) Petroleum	(3) Plants	(4) Uranium
127.	The mosquito repelle (1) Pesticides	nt (coils, mats and liq (2) Fertilizers	uids) that we generall (3) Sedatives	y use in our homes are: (4) Insecticides
128.	A battery or cell conv (1) Solar	verts(2) Heat	energy into electr (3) Mechanical	
129.	Which of the following plays an important (1) Evaporation (3) Both evaporation & condensation		role in the cause of rainfall (2) Condensation (4) Filtration	
130.	Which of the following (1) Plastics	ng is a biodegradable (2) Polythene	waste? (3) Glass	(4) None of these
131.	Non-green plants like (1) They are too small (3) They lack photo-t		te their own food beca (2) They lack chlor (4) They lack roots	ophyll
132.	A human body consist (1) 205	sts of numb (2) 206	er of bones (3) 207	(4) 208
133.	Which of the following (1) Eyes	ng is not a part of the (2) Kidneys	excretory system? (3) Lungs	(4) Skin
134.	Which is called powe (1) Lysosome	erhouse of the cell? (2) Golgi bodies	(3) Ribosomes	(4) Mitochondria
135.	What type of radiatio (1) UV rays	n is trapped on the ear (2) Infrarays	rth's surface by the gradiant (3) X-rays	een house effect? (4) IR rays
136.	In which one of the form (1) Solid	ollowing sound travels (2) Air	s fast (3) Water	(4) Vacuum
137.	Our head is made up	of only one movable l	bone; it is called:	

	(1) Skull	(2) Cranium	(3) Jawbone	(4) Collarbone
138.	The gas associated w (1) C02	ith global warming is: (2) H2S	(3) CH4	(4) S02
139.	In water pollution, in (1) line sources	dustries are said to be (2) point sources	the: (3) area sources	(4) none of these
140.	Vermicomposting is (1) fungus	done by (2) bacteria	(3) worms	(4) animals
141.	Which of the following (1) Diarrhoea	ng problems is not crea (2) Hypertension	ated by noise pollution (3) Deafness	? (4) Irritation
142.	Air is composed of g (1) dust particles	ases, water vapours an (2) rainfall	d (3) snowfall	(4) light
143.	Medicine of quinine (1) Eucalyptus plant	-	(3) cinchona plant	(4) money plant
		Part V(b) : Me	ethodology	
144.	Which is a projected (1) Bulletin board	aid? (2) OHP	(3) Model	(4) Flannel board
145.	In the modern approach of learning, students are given freedom to learn at their own pactive is known as (1) Active learning (3) Collaborative learning (4) Invitational learning			5
146.	Which technique is u (1) Observation	sed in rating scale? (2) Check list	(3) Assignments	(4) Written Question
147.	Small group discussion encourages which of the following? (1) Active participation (2) Interactive session (3) Peer-based communication (4) All the above			n
148.	Which is the most suitable method of teaching? (1) Seminar and dictation (2) Dictation and assignment (3) Seminar and project (4) Lecture and dictation			_
149.	primary level? (1) Awareness of sun		ne Environmental Studi (2) Knowledge about g	
150.	(1) Environmental ed(2) Environmental ed(3) Physical and biole	lucation should taught lucation should include ogical environments sh	_	mary level

